

Herald Tribune

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PARIS, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1971

Established 1887

Planes Bomb Field Targets Inside North

U.S. planes struck two North Vietnam targets inside the Demilitarized Zone on a second consecutive day of air strikes against the North.

The first strike of the day was directed at a target in the Hanoi area, according to Defense Secretary Melvin Laird. The second strike was directed at a target in the Hanoi area, according to Defense Secretary Melvin Laird.

Tails of Vietnam's War Is Able to Tell

By G. J. Getler

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WELCOME—Member of Communist Chinese delegation to UN greeted by unidentified man in New York yesterday.

Israel Warns On Intrusions By Soviet Jets

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Main UN Group Lands Tomorrow Chinese Advance Party Reaches N.Y.

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Pakistan Cut Off By U.S. From All Arms Shipments

By Fred Farris

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India Raises Arms Orders From Russia Also Asks Speedup Of Earlier Orders

By Sydney H. Schanberg

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'Direct Interference' Charged**EEC Aides Sharply Criticize U.S. Protest on Trade Deal**

By Clyde H. Farnsworth

BRUSSELS, Nov. 8 (NYT).—A sharp dispute has arisen between the United States and the European Economic Community over the trading arrangements for the enlarged community would make with nonmember industrialized countries of Europe.

The United States formally protested the contemplated arrangements in notes delivered to the six members of the EEC and its Brussels executive authority last Friday.

While the governments have not yet drafted a reply, the chief of the EEC executive, Franco Maria Malfatti, and the commissioner in charge of trade relations, Raif Dahrendorf, took exception to the American protest at a meeting here today of the EEC foreign ministers.

Mr. Dahrendorf said that he took a "dim view" of Washington's move, calling it "direct interference with autonomous policies" of the community—a reference to the timing of the protest three days before the EEC ministers were to deliberate again on the subject.

Loss of Markets
The United States is worried about the loss of export markets, particularly farm products, if anything like the arrangements now being discussed go through.

The community argued that what it is doing is perfectly legal under the world trade charter known as the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade.

The United States has indicated that if this is so, it reserves the right to get the rules changed. The United States argues that they were drawn up in 1947 when world trading patterns were quite different.

What brings the matter to a head is the impending enlargement of the EEC to include Britain and, if their electorate agrees, Ireland, Denmark and Norway.

30% of World Trade
Together with the six present members, the emerging bloc would account for roughly one-third of all world trade, against 15 percent for the United States.

The plans being discussed involve the elimination of trade barriers on industrial goods (except for certain sensitive products) between the enlarged community and Sweden, Switzerland, Austria, Finland, Portugal and Iceland.

In addition, France, Italy and the Netherlands want agreements to get rid of surplus grains, fruits, vegetables and dairy products.

The United States recognizes that there is a problem in the treatment of European countries that will not join the community. But it argues that such treatment must not be at the expense of American foreign trade.

Guerrillas Report Death of Gaza Aide

BEIRUT, Nov. 8 (UPI).—The Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine announced yesterday the death of the deputy military commander of its guerrillas in the Israeli-occupied Gaza Strip. A front statement distributed in Beirut said that David Khalaf, 29, was killed in a battle with Israeli forces in the strip's el-Bereh refugee camp on Oct. 27.

Argentina-EEC Accord

BRUSSELS, Nov. 8 (Reuters).—The Common Market and Argentina today signed a trade agreement here, the first between the community and a Latin-American country.

The accord was signed for Argentina by Foreign Minister Luis

Maria de Pablo Fardo and for the EEC by Aldo Moro, Italian foreign minister and current chairman of the Common Market Council of Ministers.

In a statement at the signing ceremony, Mr. de Pablo Fardo said that, despite its commercial and economic content, the accord's primary objective was political. This was to demonstrate that the Common Market, at a decisive moment in its history, "cannot shut itself off from the development prospects of any given region."

Israel Warns On Intrusions By Soviet Jets

(Continued from Page 1)
Washington, Yitzhak Rabin, would be returning home later this week to discuss the situation and an impending "major confrontation" with the United States on the pursuit of peace.

A Foreign Ministry spokesman said the visit was private, not connected with U.S.-Israeli relations. Israel has told the United States it will go no further in negotiations without being resupplied with Phantom fighter-bombers.

The supply of Soviet weapons to Egypt continues while Israel is deprived of more U.S. aircraft, the military sources said, adding, "If the same trend will continue, then there will be an imbalance."

"The fact that we are not getting the [aircraft] supplies, I don't have to say, is a political question," the source said. Israel has accused the United States of withholding the planes in order to extract concessions.

Bar-Lev May Quit Army
TEL AVIV, Nov. 8 (UPI).—The commander in chief of the Israeli armed forces, Lt. Gen. Haim Bar-Lev, 47, will be leaving military service early next year to join Premier Golda Meir's cabinet as minister of commerce and industry, the newspaper Me'ariv said today.

The newspaper said Defense Minister Moshe Dayan has picked Gen. Bar-Lev's successor, but it did not disclose his identity. Gen. Bar-Lev took over as chief of staff from retired Lt. Gen. Yitzhak Rabin, now Israel's ambassador to Washington, after the 1967 Middle East war.

Egypt to Compensate Swedes and Austrians

CAIRO, Nov. 8 (AP).—Egypt, which has recently agreed to pay pre-war debts to the United States and compensation to Britain for property seized in 1952 and 1956, has agreed to pay compensation to Swedish and Austrian nationals as well, it was announced.

The agreements, to be signed shortly between Egypt and the governments of Sweden and Austria, provide for payment of half a million pounds (\$1.5 million at the official rate) in compensation to Swedish nationals and 400,000 pounds (\$1.2 million) to Austrian nationals whose property was nationalized.

Speaking on television following lunch today with President Georges Pompidou, Mrs. Gandhi said that independence would be "inevitable" if the people of East Bengal (East Pakistan) were allowed to decide their own fate. She said that she would be willing to meet with Pakistani President Mohammed Yahya Khan to discuss Indo-Pakistani problems, but that the Bengal situation was for the people of East Bengal themselves to resolve. "They certainly don't want anyone else to decide for them," she told a televised press conference.

In answer to a question she said that the Bengalese of India would not be included in any independent state.

In calling for self-determination in East Bengal, Mrs. Gandhi was repeating a theme she has emphasized on this world tour: that Pakistani officials must release Sheikh Mujibur Rahman, who headed the Bengali independence movement in East Pakistan this spring and is now under arrest.

Mrs. Gandhi, who arrived here last night from Washington, implied that Sheikh Mujibur's release was a condition for any settlement to the crisis, and that India would not permit the return of the nearly 10 million East Bengal refugees now in India until his release.

On her European and American trips, Mrs. Gandhi seemed to have avoided any direct public reference to independence for East Bengal, but she did not avoid the reference in statements here. She made it clear that the Indian government favored the breakup of Pakistan into what would become separate Pakistan (West Pakistan) and Bangladesh (East Pakistan) states.

In her luncheon toast at the Elvise Palace, Mrs. Gandhi referred to Pakistani action in East Bengal as "genocide," and said that it had been imposed solely because the East Bengalese had "voted democratically." Later, on television, she conceded that Sheikh Mujibur had been elected on a platform of autonomy, not separatism, but said he had been pushed into separatism by West Pakistan.

The Pakistanis maintain that

Last Chance For Peace in Mideast Seen**4 African Leaders End OAU Mission**

CAIRO, Nov. 8 (UPI).—President Leopold Senghor of Senegal said today a peace mission by four African heads of state represented the last chance to avoid another war in the Middle East, Cairo radio reported.

Mr. Senghor, who headed the group of four, was quoted by the state network as the statesmen ended a week of talks in Israel and Egypt and flew to Dakar to report to a special committee of the Organization of African Unity (OAU).

He and his fellow emissaries—Gen. Yakubu Gowon of Nigeria, Gen. Joseph Mobutu of Zaire (formerly Congo Kinshasa) and President Ahmadou Ahidjo of Cameroon—said they would return to the area for more talks later this month.

"The efforts of the committee of four represents the last chance to avoid a new war in the Middle East," Cairo radio quoted Mr. Senghor as saying.

UN Resolution
"The group hopes to find ways of applying the (1967) Security Council resolution on the Middle East," he said.

The president praised Egyptian efforts to promote a settlement. He said it did not make sense, if Mr. Senghor made the remarks in a farewell speech at Cairo Airport or privately to Egyptian officials.

The radio also said that Egypt may not request a UN General Assembly debate on the Middle East until the end of this month, pending the outcome of the OAU's peacemaking effort. The Assembly debate was originally expected by mid-month.

As the emissaries left, the semi-official newspaper Al-Ahram said Cairo "has explained its rejection of any concessions" in "frank and clear" language.

The newspaper said Egyptian President Anwar Sadat told the four heads of state any solution should be an overall one involving Israeli withdrawal from all territories it occupied in the 1967 war. Government sources said the Africans tended to view the problem as one between Egypt as an African country, and Israel, and not including other non-African Arab nations.

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The Pakistanis maintain that



DDT—Yesterday in Rome at 16th FAO conference are, from left: Felix Albani, director of plant production and protein division of FAO; O.E. Fischlich, asst. director general FAO Agricultural Department; A.H. Boerum of Holland, FAO director general, and Norman Borlaug of the United States, last year's Nobel Peace Prize laureate.

Warns of World Doom by Starvation**Nobel Laureate Assails 'Hysterical' DDT Foes**

ROME, Nov. 8 (AP).—Nobel peace laureate Norman B. Borlaug today assailed "hysterical" environmentalists for trying to block the use of chemicals, such as DDT, which he said were critical to adequate food production.

"If agriculture is denied their use because of unwieldy legislation that is now being promoted by a powerful group of hysterical lobbyists," he said, "then the world will be doomed not by chemical poisoning but from starvation."

In an 18,000-word paper to the governing conference of the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization, he said:

"Recalling that 50 percent of the present world population is undernourished and that an even larger percentage, perhaps 65 percent, is malnourished, no room is left for complacency."

Later the FAO said it backs Mr. Borlaug's stand. A spokesman said: "Until cheap, safe and efficient substitute pesticides are produced and made easily available, there is no alternative to the judicious use of DDT."

The Green Revolution
Mr. Borlaug, a native of Cresco, Iowa, won the Nobel Peace Prize in 1970 for his role in directing the development of high-yielding varieties of wheat, hailed as paving the way for the "green revolution."

"Environmentalists will kill the green revolution," Mr. Borlaug asserted, adding:

"I dislike fighting my way

through industrial smoke, automotive smoke and traffic jams each morning. I dislike the noise and crowding of the large cities. I enjoy nature, the luxury of undisturbed wilderness, forests, mountains, lakes, rivers and deserts and their wildlife. But I also know that the greatest danger to their perpetuity is the pressure of human population."

The 57-year-old scientist, now director of a wheat and corn improvement center in Mexico, predicted that the current anti-DDT campaign in the United States will spread across the border, and warned:

"This must not be permitted to happen, until an even more effective and safer insecticide is available, for no chemical has done as much as DDT to improve the health, economic and social benefits of the people of the developing nations."

On Friday night, the spokesman again denied that Indian troops crossed the border during that skirmish or in the latest one. "Our forces have instructions not to cross the border," he said, "and in no instance have they crossed the border."

The reported shelling of Kamalpur was among a list of military provocations attributed to Pakistani forces by the Indian government today at its daily briefing on the border situation.

On Friday night, the spokesman charged, Pakistani troops fired artillery into three villages along the eastern border. Casualties, if any, were not given.

In all, about 3,000 shells were fired, the spokesman said.

That same night, the Indian spokesman said, the Pakistanis fired mortars into an area, 20 miles from Cooch Behar in northern West Bengal State, killing one border security force constable and two civilians. Indian troops returned the fire.

Brief flights, the spokesman said, also broke out near the Assam border southwest of Tura last Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

On the western border, the spokesman charged the Pakistanis with continued violations of the two nations' "cease-fire" agreement. These violations, he said, included the building of bunkers.

"From Oct. 1 to Nov. 6, the Pakistanis have committed 180 such violations," the spokesman asserted, "and all have been reported to United Nations observers."

In a related matter, the spokesman denied published reports that India was currently stockpiling military supplies.

"We are making limited procurements of arms and stores from countries which have originally supplied the equipment to fill up our (arms) deficiencies. Unlike Pakistan, we are not making any feverish purchases," he said.

The Soviet Union is the major supplier of military equipment to India.

15 Killed in East Pakistan
DACC, East Pakistan, Nov. 8 (AP).—At least 15 people were shot dead and 15 others wounded in a series of shootings and explosions here and in the adjoining Narayanganj area during the last 36 hours.

Police blamed the violence on "unknown miscreants" known locally as "Bengali rebels" who are urging autonomy for "Bangla Desh," as they call East Pakistan.

Pakistan Reports Little Damage by Weekend Storm

DACC, Pakistan, Nov. 8 (Reuters).—The cyclone which swept over East Pakistan on Saturday did negligible damage to crops and houses, it was said officially today.

The Pakistan relief commissioner, Mohammed Ali, said after flying over affected areas that because of advance cyclone warnings and preparations there had been no loss of human life.

There "had been damage to thatch and thatched roofs and to crops in the fields, but it had not amounted to much," he said.

Officials have been sent to visit affected areas and survey damage, and the government has granted relief in cash and kind for people affected.

Autostada Is Opened

SAN REMO, Italy, Nov. 8 (Reuters).—The final four-mile stretch of the Autostada del Fiori (Flowerway of the Flowers) from Savona to the French border was opened here yesterday.

Combat Hero of 2 Wars**Col. Herbert Will Quit Army Alleged Coverup in Vietnam**

By James T. Wooten

ATLANTA, Nov. 8 (NYT).—Lt. Col. Anthony B. Herbert, a combat hero of two wars who charged superior officers with covering up atrocities in Vietnam, announced yesterday that he would retire from the Army in February because of "intolerable" pressures on his family.

The 41-year-old career soldier, the country's most decorated enlisted man in the Korea War, released a statement through his civilian attorney in which he described his decision to leave the military as more painful than the eight wounds he received during 20 years on active duty.

Col. Herbert, who will submit his request for retirement today, is eligible to retire next Feb. 29. He will receive the retirement pay of a major, his permanent rank. Col. Herbert's formal charges against his superiors and a lieutenant colonel were dismissed by the Army for "lack of evidence."

And on Friday, the Army issued a 2,500-word "fact sheet" that said there was no documentary support for his complaint.

2 1/2-Year Struggle
"For two-and-a-half years, I have struggled to help the Army eliminate the stigma of the concealment of war crimes which I personally saw or had knowledge of," Col. Herbert said.

"The actions taken by certain members of the Army at both local and the Pentagon level have convinced me that to continue struggling within the military would be useless."

Authorities here at Fort McPherson, where Col. Herbert is stationed, were unavailable for comment.

The colonel, who gained national attention through an appearance on a network television talk show, also said that he would advise the Army today that he has "no present intention of violating these restrictions which have been placed upon me, which would be to state my views to the media, although I do believe the public has every right to know what is happening in the Army."

Because the Army has ordered him to have all contact with the news media approved by the Pentagon, he said he would no longer grant interviews with reporters or broadcast journalists.

Leave Denied
On Oct. 31, he was told that he was under suspicion of being absent without leave. Last Monday and Tuesday, three requests for leave were denied, although he has 63 days of leave accrued. On Wednesday, his military attorney for the last seven months was relieved and Col. Herbert was given lessons on saluting and military posture from the deputy commander of Fort McPherson.

Then, after ordering Col. Herbert to stop talking to the press, the Army released its "fact sheet" to the media and mailed it to every member of Congress.

"I have been advised this week-end by my wife's personal physician... that the stress placed upon us can no longer safely be borne by my family," Col. Herbert said in his statement. He also disclosed plans to apply for leave status tomorrow "so that I may remove my wife and daughter from the strain to which, through me, they have been subjected. Additionally, I

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Col. Herbert Island Tests Planned

Alleged Communist Bombing

Alaska Explosion's Effects Held Minor

ANCHORAGE, Alaska, Nov. 8 (UPI)—The government is only initial in the five-day underground explosion here, a test of a warhead for the Spartan anti-ballistic missile.

Minimal Damage
The AEC said post-detonation examination of the island has disclosed only minimal environmental damage.

The only casualties discovered thus far, the AEC said, were an injured sea otter, several dead birds, a destroyed nesting area and damage to a small freshwater lake.

The other, the birds and the nesting area—of either bald eagles or peregrine falcons—were apparent victims of large rock slides touched off by the most powerful U.S. underground explosion—the equivalent of five million tons of TNT. The birds and peregrine falcons are both officially designated "endangered species" in danger of imminent extinction.

[The Atomic Energy Commission said today that the earth has apparently started to collapse around "ground zero" on Amchitka as expected, United Press International reported.]

[The sinking results from the cooling of gases sealed inside a huge underground chamber, blown out of the earth nearly a mile under the surface in Saturday's blast.]

"We have gotten some pretty strong indications on the geophysics that something has happened out there," AEC public affairs officer Henry Vermillion said in Anchorage, Alaska.

[The AEC predicted before the explosion that the ground would collapse to form a dish-shaped crater about 40 to 50 feet deep and 2,000 feet in diameter.]

Heavy Vermillion of the AEC public affairs office, stressed that his findings were incomplete. He said the search for more subtle environmental damage—which the AEC hopes it won't find—will continue for at least a year.

Environmentalists, who fought a losing battle against the test all the way to the Supreme Court, had contended there was a possibility the explosion would cause off natural disasters and inflict severe damage to the environment and wildlife.

The blast jolted the area with a force registered at 7 on the Richter Scale for measuring seismic disturbances but it was felt no farther away than an island some 200 miles away. No seismic waves were detected, and the AEC said records of monitoring devices on the finger-shaped island showed no trace of radioactivity.

Russian Comment
MOSCOW, Nov. 8 (Reuters).—A headline in the Soviet press today described the U.S. underground nuclear test on Amchitka Island as a "test of nerve."

Apart from this comment in the trade-union daily Trud, Moscow newspapers confined themselves to Tass news agency reports of protests in the United States and Japan against the blast.

Moscow may feel inhibitions about criticizing the U.S. test in view of its own nuclear test program. In October last year Swedish scientists monitored an underground explosion at Russia's Novaya Zemlya site which they said was of more than five megatons.

According to Western calculations the Soviet Union has conducted some 45 underground nuclear explosions since signing the 1963 partial test ban treaty, which barred such tests above ground.

Rio Kidnapping Charge Against 7
RIO DE JANEIRO, Nov. 8 (Reuters).—Five students, a civil servant and a doctor have been formally charged here with the kidnapping of Swiss Ambassador Giovanni Eberle Bucher last December.

According to the indictment, presented Friday to a military court by prosecutor Maria Jose de Carvalho Salvador, the kidnapping was masterminded by Carlos Lamarca, a former army captain who became a guerrilla leader. He was killed last September by security forces.

The ambassador was kidnapped Dec. 7 and released 40 days later after the Brazilian government had agreed to free 70 political prisoners and fly them to Chile.

Proposed Amendment to Permit Prayer Beaten in House
WASHINGTON, Nov. 8 (AP).—The House of Representatives today defeated a proposed constitutional amendment to permit public schools.

The 192-vote vote in favor of a resolution to let the controversial issue was 28 short of the two-thirds majority needed.

The amendment, which would have ended, for the time being at least, a fight that began when the Supreme Court held that the First Amendment prohibits states from composing that had been used widely in public schools at the end.

Proposed change defeated by the House would have required prayer or meditation in schools instead of optional prayer as originally proposed.

Its claimed both terms were ambiguous and could be used even to prayers prepared by school officials today, House foes of the amendment demonstrated strength on a preliminary test to defeat the end.



Former President Lyndon Johnson looks on as grandson Patrick Lyndon Nugent helps autograph a copy of Mr. Johnson's book, "The Vantage Point," Saturday at LBJ Library in Austin. Ladybird Johnson at left, Patrick's mother, Luci, at right.

LBJ's Autograph Party for His Memoirs

AUSTIN, Texas, Nov. 8 (AP).—Former President Lyndon B. Johnson turned book salesman yesterday to the delight of throngs of well-wishers and book buyers that crowded the LBJ Library here.

"Buy a book and give it to the generations to come to let them know how good the blessings of the good Lord were to us in the 1960s," Mr. Johnson said.

The occasion was a brief ceremony in which the former President formally presented the first published copy of his memoirs, "The Vantage Point," to the library. Mr. Johnson, accompanied by Mrs. Johnson, spent the rest of the afternoon, as he has on earlier occasions, cheerfully autographing copies of the \$15 book and shaking hands with new and old friends. His grandson, Patrick Nugent, and the boy's mother, Lynda Bird Johnson Nugent, were also present at the presentation and autograph session. Mr. Johnson said the publishers, Holt, Rinehart and Winston, paid \$1.8 million for the book.

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8 Held in Unusual Police Action

Spanish Angry at Rightists For Raid on Picasso Exhibit

By Richard Eder

MADRID, Nov. 8.—The Spanish police have made eight arrests since members of an extreme rightist group smashed up an art gallery Friday night, destroying or stealing 24 Picasso engravings.

The raiders, clad in dark blue and calling themselves the "Anti-Marxist Commando," broke glass frames, ripped the engravings, slashed them with razors, poured acid on them and strewn handbills accusing Picasso of financing Communism and homosexuality in Spain.

The raid has aroused public opinion and most of the press reported it in detail, along with angry editorials. It has stirred up new demands for control of the handful of strong-arm rightist groups who have operated here in recent years, assaulting persons or institutions they suspect of leftism. Ten days ago, three bookstores in Madrid were attacked for exhibiting books on Picasso.

In the past, the strong-arm groups, who are widely believed to have influential protectors in the government, army and police, have gone untouched. This time the suspects were rounded up within hours of the raid, most of them at their homes.

The Theo Gallery had been honoring Picasso's 60th birthday by showing 26 prints borrowed from the Knoedler Gallery in Paris. They are part of the "Suite Vollard," a series done in the early 1930s, mostly on the theme of the minotaur or the artist in his studio.

According to Elvira Miguon, who owns the gallery along with her husband Fernando, the estimated loss—not counting damage to the installations—is around \$100,000. The engravings were insured.

The gallery staff said several of the engravings were missing though they will not know how many until they examine and match the scraps.

Across town, the Skira Gallery, which also has been holding a Picasso exhibition, closed down temporarily. The director, Carmine Mascini, said he was doing this "as a sign of mourning."

Police released the names of the arrested suspects Saturday afternoon, though none had been formally charged. Most are in their early 20s though one, apparently the leader, is a 36-year-old office worker named Angel Sierra.

Of the others, three are students, one is a lawyer, one is unemployed, one is an electrician and one is a clerk.

Source close to the police say the group is a split-off from the largest of the strong-arm groups, the "Warriors of Christ the King." The "Warriors" have beaten up liberal priests, invaded workers' meetings and held demonstrations honoring Hitler.

The "Commando" group reportedly broke with the "Warriors" earlier this year, accusing them of inactivity.

Chileans Expect Castro Tomorrow For 10-Day Visit
SANTIAGO, Chile, Nov. 8 (Reuters).—Cuban Premier Fidel Castro will arrive here today for a visit at the invitation of President Salvador Allende, it was announced today.

Mr. Castro is to spend 10 to 15 days in Chile. He is expected to stop four or five hours in Lima, on his way here or on his way back, for talks with Peru's leftist soldier-President Juan Velasco Alvarado.

Chile renewed diplomatic relations with Cuba shortly after Mr. Allende took office a year ago, and speculation has been mounting that Peru soon will follow suit.

In July, 1964, the Organization of American States expelled Cuba and recommended that all member nations sever their ties with it. Mexico was the only member which did not act on the recommendation.

It will be the first time Mr. Castro has been abroad since his visit to the Soviet Union in 1964. He has not visited any Latin American country since 1969 soon after he took power, when he toured Venezuela, Argentina, Uruguay and Brazil.

Ban War on Moon, Russia Proposes
UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., Nov. 8 (Reuters).—Russia proposed yesterday that war be banned on the moon and not be waged from its surface against the earth or targets in space.

A 15-article Soviet draft treaty, submitted to the General Assembly's main political committee, included a provision that the states signing it must exchange information on outer space phenomena which could endanger the life or health of men on the moon.

Nations signing the treaty "may establish both manned and unmanned stations on the moon," according to one proposed article, but these should be installed so as not to impede free access of other states and should offer aid to anyone of any nationality in distress on the moon.

Romanian Leaders Pressing Drive for Ideological Purity

By Dan Morgan

BEograd, Nov. 8 (UPI).—Romania's leadership has removed all doubts that it might have been only half serious last summer when it launched a program of ideological purification.

At a three-day meeting of the Central Committee of the Communist party, which ended Friday night, officials practiced self-criticism, admitted ideological failures and called for the party to deepen its involvement in economic and cultural life.

Winding up the meeting, President Nicolae Ceausescu attacked corruption, which he said would meet with "severe measures" and asked for the party to intensify its ideological struggle. Earlier in the week a minister for construction materials and two Belgrade city officials were fired for "irregularities."

The Central Committee session was addressed by almost every major Romanian Communist.

Economic Controls Dine
It heralded, in the view of analysts here, a further strengthening of ideological discipline in the schools and much more political control over the economy. Romanian officials said the parliament might soon be asked to draft binding legislation to carry out the program.

The ideological campaign was inaugurated in July by Mr. Ceausescu in a 17-point code, but the Communist leaders made it clear that the code had not been properly heeded. In a seven-point resolution published yesterday, the party was summoned to a fight against all that is "old and backward," a phrase that bore a striking resemblance to language used at the Albanian party congress in progress in Tirana.

Western analysts believe, however, that Mr. Ceausescu's program probably derives from a number of factors other than ideological ones.

One is an apparent wish of the Romanian leadership to prevent political laxity while the economy is being reformed and opened to the West. Another is the possible fear of losing total political control during the next phase of Romania's drift toward independence from the Soviet bloc. During Yugoslavia's withdrawal from the Soviet orbit in the late 1940s and early 1950s, a tight rein was kept over domestic developments.

Common Cause Wanes
A third reason advanced for the program is the possibility that Mr. Ceausescu's leadership wishes to assert its authority while the alleged Soviet military threat, which had served to unite dissident progressive and conservative party groups, appears to be diminishing.

Plane Ditches, 3 Thumb Rides On Surfboards

OXNARD, Calif., Nov. 8 (UPI).—A single-engine plane belly-landed off the coast Friday and sank beneath the waves, but not before three injured men aboard thumbed a ride to shore on surfboards.

The charter pilot, Joe O'Brien, told authorities he was on a routine landing approach to Ventura County Airport when his Piper Cherokee lost power and ditched 20 yards short of the beach.

Mr. O'Brien and two Oxnard businessmen, Reed Prince and Paul Powers, scrambled out on the wing of the bobbing airplane and gladly grabbed rides to shore with three surfboard riders.

Five Drug Smugglers Are Executed in Iran
TEHRAN, Nov. 8 (Reuters).—Five opium and heroin smugglers were executed by firing squad yesterday, it was officially announced here.

The execution took place in Tehran and Kermanshah in west Iran after a military court had sentenced the smugglers under the country's tough new anti-drug law.

The program has encountered resistance. A number of cultural figures, for example, have refused to sign a statement in support of it circulated by the writers' union, and that organization is divided. Romanian consumers have also been grumbling about the shortage of goods in shops.

Mr. Ceausescu has personally stressed that the new code is not directed against the West but only against unhealthy and anti-socialist influences.

Soviet Treaty Reaffirmed
VIENNA, Nov. 7 (AP).—Romania assured the Soviet Union today that it would live up to the stipulations of a treaty of friendship and mutual assistance that was signed after a long delay last year.

The assurance was expressed in a telegram that Mr. Ceausescu and Premier Ion Gheorghe Maurer sent to Moscow to mark the 54th anniversary of the Soviet October Revolution.

The treaty was signed after two years of delays by the Romanians. Although some considered it similar to treaties the Soviet Union had signed with Bulgaria, Hungary and Czechoslovakia, the Romanian party paper, Scinteia, interpreted it as containing the right of each party to draw up policy independently.

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Threnody for a Revolution

The ordered and stately observance of the anniversary of the Bolshevik Revolution is far removed from the wild confusion it celebrates. It is as remote, in fact, as the military parade on the Champs-Élysées from the improvised valor that stormed the Bastille, or the annual cheerful exodus of Americans to the beaches and the countryside from that solemn pledge of lives, fortunes and sacred honor that marked the original Independence Day.

But the decorum of Nov. 7, 1971, in Moscow and the moderation of the speeches that accompanied it are, after all, closer to the events they commemorate than the French are to 1789 or the Americans to 1776, by more than a century. The Kremlin is still, officially, a Vatican of revolution. The wave of Marxist enthusiasm that washed out of Petrograd in 1917 not only was to engulf all of Russia, but to beat against the established order in Germany, Poland and Hungary, and to dash spray high in many places all around the world. And although the tide receded during the next 20 years, it was to return with new force when Hitler opened the floodgates in 1939.

Now there are governments more or less along the Russian line from Europe's Elbe to the South China Sea, with variants in Africa and the Americas. In Stalin's day, his ukase was law over half the world, and the parades in Red Square, the oratory that went with them, were watched and harkened to by the rest of mankind with varying fears and hopes.

But revolutions, it has been pointed out, have a way of devouring their children. Maoism, Titoism, even Castroism, may owe much to the 1917 revolution, but they are

deviant in terms of Muscovite orthodoxy. In fact, Stalin, for all his recrudescence in present-day Soviet thinking, would probably find the actions of Brezhnev and Kosygin very strange. For many, of all ideological brands, the celebration of the Bolshevik Revolution is a threnody rather than a paean.

But the ways of history are devious. When the Declaration of Independence was drafted, it was political treason and religious heresy to virtually all of the world—not because it declared Americans free of the British crown, but because it asserted that all men are equal, with unalienable rights to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, and that government rests upon the consent of the governed. These ideals are far from being fully honored in practice, even in the land of their first concrete expression. But when America is condemned today, it is almost always for failing short of realizing the hopes of 1776, not for asserting them.

It is so with the Soviet Union today. Very few will seriously contest the justice of the goals of Marxism—the effort to produce an order which provides economic equity. The methods, however, are disputed, often with arms and violence. Where Marxism has come into conflict with the “unalienable rights” expressed in the Declaration of Independence, where it has clashed with the policy of the Soviet Union as a nation, where it has failed to produce even the economic advantage it promises, where the state it has created refuses to wither and become stratified and monolithic, there is resistance. Lenin, in 1917, changed the world. But would he today recognize his own creation?

Environmental Security

No severely detrimental effects on the environment have yet been reported as a result of the Cannikin underground nuclear test on Amchitka, and for that we Americans, our Canadian neighbors and the citizens of the world at large must be grateful.

But the risks of disaster were there; and so was the characteristic arrogance of the Atomic Energy Commission and defense authorities in proceeding with the test without waiting briefly to determine whether the provisions of the National Environmental Policy Act had been faithfully carried out. At least three of the seven members of the Supreme Court thought there was enough doubt to warrant a delay for re-examination; but on the familiar if frequently specious ground of an overriding urgency in the interest of “national security” the government said “no” and it won its point.

On both of these basic issues—the slighting of the requirements of the law as set forth by Congress and the suggestion that this particular test was so important to the security of the United States that all other considerations had to give way—we think the government was wrong.

The National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 sets forth very specific procedures for all governmental agencies to follow in describing the effect of their proposed actions on the environment. The AEC has been brought up short before for its cavalier attitude—similar to that of the Corps of Engineers—toward the “environmental impact” of its activities; and it is evident from the various judicial opinions in the Cannikin affair that there is good reason to believe that once again the law has been slighted. It is shocking that it has to be left to the initiative of private citizens, rather than of

the administration itself, to see that the most powerful agencies of government rigorously observe the law.

In this case the government maintained, in effect, that the Cannikin test with all its risks was essential to the national security in developing nuclear missile defense. But here again there is evidence to suggest that the weapon and the uses for which it was designed have already become outmoded, superfluous or both.

Furthermore, the test in itself gave another unnecessary boost to the missile race when the real national security interest of the United States lies in the direction of restricting and limiting nuclear armaments, not in developing new ones—as many of the best-informed members of the U.S. Senate rather belatedly pointed out. And to have proceeded with this nuclear explosion in total disdain of the protests from two of this country's closest and most important allies, Canada and Japan, can hardly be considered a contribution to the national security of the United States.

The only good thing to be said about the whole exercise—apart from the fact that it evidently did not wreak the damage that had been feared—is that so much of a storm has been aroused that it will probably be a long time before anything like this is attempted again. For this the country owes its thanks largely to the groups of scientists and environmentalists in the Committee for Nuclear Responsibility, the Sierra Club, Friends of the Earth, and other organizations, who pushed the effort to halt Cannikin all the way to the highest court. Meanwhile, the nation can now resume its slow and painful advance along the difficult road toward nuclear disarmament.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

International Opinion

The French-German Rift

Herr Willy Brandt has asked for a meeting with President Pompidou to discuss the monetary situation, and this will be no journey to Canossa-sur-Seine. If the two governments resolve their differences it will be because each has decided that it is in their own national interest, not because the other has imposed its will or for the sake of some higher European goal.

As is often the case, Herr Brandt has several purposes. The first of them, and the ostensible reason for calling the meeting a mere month before the regular twice-yearly Franco-German conference, is that the disagreement between the two countries has paralyzed Europe's reaction to President Nixon's economic policies, has sabotaged the plan for a European economic and monetary union, and has made the common agricultural policy unworkable. So the two statesmen will discuss the future of the EEC in its most basic definition.

—From the Times (London).

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

November 9, 1896

LONDON—Is Dreyfus innocent or guilty? Several Paris newspapers and members of Parliament have received by post from Belgium a pamphlet entitled “Une Erreur Judiciaire,” by Mr. Bernard Lazare, in which he says that fresh evidence has come to light which will justify the case being again brought into court. Figaro dismisses the matter briefly in its “Echos” this morning, saying any discussion in the Chamber would be sterile and dangerous.

A Year of Allende

Can Communists and Socialists govern together? A year after coming to office in Santiago, Mr. Allende is in a position to answer “yes” and to give explanations to [French Socialist leader] Mitterrand, who will visit him next week. Despite some commotion, the president of Chile has in fact managed successfully to preserve the unity of a popular-front government within which reformist Radicals cohabit with supporters of collectivism and worker power. Despite the pro-Soviet allegiance of his partners, Allende has been able to avoid isolation in a Latin America dominated by North Americans. From Argentina to Peru, he has made his neighbors admit the need for continental interdependence regardless of differences of political regimes.

—From Le Monde (Paris).

Fifty Years Ago

November 9, 1921

LOS ANGELES—This city is vastly interested in a case now occupying the time of the local Probate Court, in which Miss Gloria Swanson, a movie actress, figures prominently. Gloria is accused by the relatives of the late Matthew Burns, a wealthy shoe merchant of Los Angeles, of using her charms to beguile him into marrying her mother. The relatives are seeking to upset the will by which they receive only \$500 each, while Gloria's mother gets the rest of the fortune.



Physician, Heal Thyself—III

By Anthony Lewis

LONDON.—American doctors are an articulate group. That much is shown by the reaction to two recent columns in this space criticizing aspects of medicine in the United States. The doctors wrote, some in a defensive or abusive vein but many in constructive disagreement.

Not surprisingly, they were especially irritated at the comment that too many American doctors care too much about money. For the medical profession to top all others in income, it was said, is evidence of a sick society. That phrasing was doubtless unduly provocative.

Doctors, and some of their wives, asked why people who had studied and trained for so long should not get the highest financial reward. Was it better to enrich pop singers or athletes, or journalists? Dr. William A. Rolison of New Orleans wrote: “If the professions were to be salaried in proportion to their value to humanity, as indeed they should be, it is logical to assume that the medical profession should be among the highest paid.”

But America is not Brehon, and men are not paid according to their social deserts. Among doctors, for example, the most highly trained may well be found in research work or teaching, at modest salaries.

Supply and Demand

No, the reason that doctors do so well in the United States (median income over \$40,000 in 1969) is largely supply and demand. They control a scarce commodity desperately wanted by the consumer. And some—not a majority but enough—are greedy in using their economic leverage.

What happened after Medicare began is no secret. Seeing that more money was going to be available, many doctors simply raised their fees. When a patient complained to one distinguished general practitioner, he replied that others were doing it and he might as well get his share. As a private British doctor, a Harley Street specialist, said to an American the other day: “There is too much commerce in your medicine.”

Some American doctors said as much in writing here. Dr. Harry H. Gordon, of the Einstein College of Medicine in New York, wrote: “One point is critical—

that so many physicians have adopted the mores of their affluent patients in pursuit of the dollar. There is too little sense of a calling, too little appreciation of the satisfactions that come from helping people.”

Now in fact most American doctors are dedicated men and women who work immensely hard and long for whatever they earn. Too much moralizing about their income is not in order. But the elements of greed in the profession are still significant for a practical reason: The aim of assuring all Americans medical care without fear of bankruptcy—as the country now earnestly desires—cannot be achieved unless any new system modifies or limits the law of supply and demand in medical economics, including doctors' fees.

The Medicare experience makes that clear. If the federal government were now to supply vast new funds for private medical care without any change in the system, the result would be to inflate costs enormously.

Other Costs Rise

The doctors point out, fairly, that they are not the only cause of medical inflation by any means: hospital and drug and other costs mount, too. But taking one problem at a time, it is clear that any new federal program will have to take a new approach on doctors' fees. One possibility would be to provide fixed levels of compensation for doctors serving certain numbers of patients on a panel, as in Britain.

An English doctor now living in New York, Arnold Miles, raised a question about all this that many may ask. He wrote:

“In the U.S. a man is judged by, and lives for, material gain. Until the values of this society change, it is surely hypocritical to expect doctors voluntarily to be less materialistic than their neighbors. Dedication is not an accepted form of currency, so why should not the doctor live by the current ethic?”

Yes, the materialist values of our society ought to be questioned altogether. If that is what Dr. Miles means to suggest, there are enough horrors in the tax system to occupy reformers for a long time. But it is not

unfair to begin with the area of medical care.

No society can be called civilized that allows the money ethic to dominate in matters of life and death. The United States, one way or another, is going to reconstruct its way of delivering medical care. And many doctors are coming to accept—as they did in Britain a generation ago—that the process will require a fresh social commitment from them.

The problem is not, in the end, whether it is right or wrong for doctors to earn more than other people. It is that American doctors have allowed their powerful spokesman, the AMA, to make the mode of private practice and fees an obstacle to necessary change.

Reassessing the Saigon Regime

By Joseph Kraft

WASHINGTON.—Vietnam is coming center-stage again. In the next 10 days the President is due to announce a new schedule of troop withdrawals which he plainly hopes will be the grand finale of the whole Vietnamization act.

In the meantime, those of us who have been critics of the war need to update our thinking. In particular, there is required a reassessment of the idea that Hanoi, which is equated with the good guy, will necessarily soon overwhelm Saigon, which is equated with the badies.

A good starting point for analysis is the regime in Saigon. It has proved to be far more effective than even its most optimistic backers could have supposed when President Nguyen Van Thieu first took over in 1967.

One impressive sign of its strength is the distribution of weapons. Something over 2 million carbines, rifles and automatic rifles have been handed out to people all over South Vietnam. Not just to soldiers under orders, either. Militiamen are armed, and watchmen, and the local equivalent of Boy Scouts.

But the distribution of weapons to the population is not a practice that comes easily to unpopular leaders of abhorrent regimes. The Greek colonels don't do it, nor Franco in Spain. Ngo Dinh Diem wouldn't hear of it even in his palmy days as president of South Vietnam.

Sign of Strength

To me, at least, the willingness of the Thieu regime to pass out weapons in the most remote parts of the country is an unmistakable sign of strength. It shows that the regime has crossed the first threshold of legitimacy. It has achieved general acceptance.

On top of general acceptance, there are specific areas of improvement. The economy has

Bangla Dosh: Rebuff for U.S. Cloudy and Cool

By Jim Hoagland

NEW DELHI.—Secret American efforts to encourage talks between the Pakistan government and East Pakistani rebel leaders have been rebuffed by the rebels, according to authoritative sources in India.

The American initiative, underway for some time, was greatly intensified in the last three to four weeks as the Western powers and the Soviet Union stepped up diplomatic activity to reduce tensions between Pakistan and India, which supports the “Bangla Dosh” government of the rebels.

Much of the American attempt reportedly has involved probing for a possible basis for negotiations between the government of President Yahya Khan and Bangla Dosh representatives, who thus far completely reject each other's position.

But the initiative by the United States, a close ally of Pakistan, is apparently viewed by the rebels as an attempt to split their leadership by exploring for willingness to negotiate for something less than complete independence for their region, where a bitter guerrilla war is in progress.

As a result, the elected officials of the Awami League, the major political party of East Pakistan, have been ordered by the party's executive committee not to discuss “the future of Bangla Dosh” with American representatives.

The rebuff appears to underline not only the suspicion with which the East Pakistanis and the Indian officials associated with them have come to view American efforts, but also a new Bangla Dosh sensitivity to suggestions of splits within the rebel movement.

Disension Reported

A number of well-informed Indian and foreign sources see growing divergences within the rebel movement, especially between the guerrilla military arm and the older political leaders who had taken charge of the movement in its formative phase. The increasingly confident military are said to be even more adamant on complete independence from Pakistan than are the politicians, who are thought to be gradually losing their pre-eminence as the guerrilla war escalates.

This development would make a quick and peaceful settlement in East Pakistan even more difficult to achieve, in the view of observers here.

The main stalling point continues to be the presumed detection in West Pakistan of Sheikh Mujibur Rahman, the Awami League leader. The Awami League won 167 seats in Pakistan's 313-member National Assembly in last December's elections and was due to be the dominant power in the assembly, which would have written a constitution to return Pakistan to civilian rule.

But Yahya Khan's military efforts to encourage talks between the Pakistan government and East Pakistani rebel leaders have been rebuffed by the rebels, according to authoritative sources in India.

Sheikh Mujibur and Awami League leaders rested and the Pakistanis embarked on a bloody campaign against the Awami League, which banned an exodus of into eastern India, and a civil uprising, followed.

Awami League leaders were not arrested and later formed a pro-Bangla Dosh government they now claim to have led in “liberated” areas of Pakistan.

The Bangla Dosh leadership has repeatedly urged the United States to release Mujibur as a prelude to talks.

Mediation Invited

In an interview Frida Dhar, chairman of India planning commission, a second-ranking official Foreign Ministry, said India would also welcome official and progressive of the United States or other tries to arrange talks between the factions.

Asked if such efforts were made, Dhar, who is co-ordinator by analysts to be India's strategy on East Pakistan, said the Indian Foreign Ministry had no evidence of the evidence of good intentions.

Reliable sources say that a number of contacts have been made in the Calcutta where the Bangla Dosh spend much time.

Dhar qualified his remarks outside initiatives with a warning: “If there is any in the people and less Bangla Dosh can be split to try to persuade a solution in its wake, it is a tragic miscalculation which will prolong the conflict.”

But long-submerged difficulties within the Bangla Dosh “movement” have been floated to the surface the last few weeks.

Indian newspapers have guarded accounts of what appears to be an increasing divergence of the guerrilla-wing called the Mukti Bahar from the political wing.

According to an account dated last week, one of the “rivals” most important leaders was stripped of a “politics” demand for independence.

have proved extremely replace. No doubt the other side built considerably since it may well be that the present level of fighting against Indian forces expresses a disbanding of strength—of waiting to move until opportune time, when the fewer American troops ground.

But that surmise could be wrong. It is at least possible the North Vietnamese do not have the power to make a “politics” demand at this time.

The point of all this is the critics of the war have been wrong—still less that it has been right. It is that nobody should deduce importance to a mediate future.

Those of us who have critical are apt to look to we assume the Saigon regime for an early death. But indeed, it has written a long life. It is that is wrong with our foreign policy. It is to be criticized; it has to be on the media of the peace, not merely by refer Vietnam.

By the same token, the critics of the war in this act and the last, one find vindication merely in circumstances. The losses of by this country in a moral and in economic social-momentum are beyond justification. Even Nixon administration cannot alter their home-free of the American prisoners of North Vietnam and American soldiers are South Vietnam.

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Bangla Desh
Cloudy

Newspaper's Story

's in Ulster Tortured, Rights Group Says

By Anthony Lewis

8—Amnesty International charged today that the whole of Northern Ireland is a "prison" and that the British government is "torturing" the people of the province.

An official British commission is already looking into the situation of the men held as suspected terrorists by the Protestant-dominated government of Northern Ireland, where the Catholic minority's struggle for more equitable treatment has led to bloodshed.

A report on the investigation is expected this week, but it has limited scope, covering only the cases of men arrested during the two days after internment without trial began last Aug. 9. Because the commission has worked in private, few prisoners have been willing to testify.

The Amnesty International report parallels accounts of brutality printed in the Sunday Times of London on Oct. 17 but goes into much greater detail.

2 Kinds of Prisoners

Two categories of prisoners are discussed in the report: those arrested but released within 48 hours and those interned indefinitely.

In the first group the report draws on accounts by 12 men who said members of the British garrison, stationed in Northern Ireland to combat the terrorism on both sides, had beaten them immediately after their arrest, made them run across rough ground littered with broken glass and put them through an obstacle course.

These men "were subjected to calculated cruelties," Amnesty said, "imposed on them solely for the entertainment of their captors."

The report said one of these men, evidently arrested by mistake and "severely brutalized," was a 61-year-old Protestant living in a Catholic area. It said he was "brutally attacked in his own home by soldiers and again at an army camp."

Physical Cruelties

But Amnesty said the internees had made more serious allegations of "extremely brutal physical cruelties coupled with psychologically torturing techniques to break the will."

It based this part of the report on accounts by nine men.

Five of the men, the report said, "were beaten and forced to do exercises for many hours, including running around the camp and being forced to urinate while running in place."

These five and four others were then taken to another place, had heavy hoods put on their heads and were made to stand with their feet apart, their fingertips pressed on a wall as they leaned. The report said:

"They were not permitted to move for four or five hours, and when they did they were bludgeoned and forced to resume the torturous stance."

Dried Crusts

The men had no food except "a few crusts of dried bread," the report said. It said their "torture" lasted as long as five days. It did not say whether army or Ulster police officers were in charge.

Amnesty said it has information that men arrested since the original detentions on and just after Aug. 9 have been subjected to "even more shocking experiences."

It concluded that the Commission's inquiry had not affected actual practices in use.

One comment by Amnesty is sure to be particularly unwelcome to the British government. The report said that the prisoners' statements conjured up "a familiar picture of activities employed by an army of occupation against a hostile population."

Since Aug. 9, 682 people in Northern Ireland have been arrested as suspected terrorists. Figures released over the weekend showed that 478 have been released and 406 are still held.



WHAT A KICKER—Joe-Joe, a kangaroo from a reserve at East Gippsland, Australia, comes out of the bush every evening for some bread scraps and will sometimes stop at the local bar for a small nightcap.

Obituaries

Harold Wilson's Father, 88

LONDON, Nov. 8 (UPI)—Herbert Wilson, 88-year-old father of former Prime Minister Harold Wilson, has died while visiting relatives in Australia, the family said today.

They said that a week ago he had been admitted to a hospital in Perth for a heart ailment.

Mr. Wilson, a retired chemist, flew to Australia at the end of August for a reunion with his sister-in-law for the first time in 67 years. He lived in Cornwall, in southwest England.

A spokesman for Harold Wilson said he did not plan to fly to Australia for his father's cremation tomorrow. The ashes will be returned to England and a memorial service arranged here later, the spokesman said.

William Von Rath

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8 (AP)—William Herbert Von Rath, 84, an executive with General Aniline and Film Corp. of New York until the U.S. government ousted him during World War II, died Friday in Giron, Switzerland, relatives here said.

Mr. Von Rath and four other executives were suspended from their jobs by the Treasury Department in January 1941. The

department said at that time the ouster was because the five men "have personified the domination of the company by the German dye trust."

Mr. Von Rath, a native of Frankfurt, had been among the company's founders after settling in the United States in 1924. After the war, he returned to Germany and subsequently settled in Kronberg near Frankfurt.

William F. Oliver

NEW YORK, Nov. 8 (NYT)—William F. Oliver, 57, chairman of the American Sugar Corporation, formerly the American Sugar Refining Company, died Thursday.

Mr. Oliver became president of the nation's largest sugar company in 1954, several months before he observed his 50th birthday, thus making him one of the youngest chief executives of a major corporation in the United States.

He guided the company through a period of great change and growth. Perhaps his most difficult situation occurred in 1960, when Premier Fidel Castro seized \$80 million of the sugar company's property in Cuba without compensation. Through subsidies, the company had substantial cash and income producing land, which accounted for 25 percent or more of its net income.

Mr. Oliver's company invested \$150 million over the next decade to modernize and expand refineries in this country. The plants have become the major source of sugar consumed in the United States, most of it sold under the Domino and Spreckels labels.

Prof. E. Faure-Fremlet

PARIS, Nov. 8 (AP)—Prof. Emmanuel Faure-Fremlet, 88, specialist in cellular biology, died today.

A member of the French Academy of Sciences, Prof. Faure-Fremlet wrote nearly 70 treatises on cell structure and development. He was a member of the New York and Rome Academies of Science.

Danube at Low Ebb

BELOGRADE, Nov. 8 (AP)—All navigation on the lower part of the Danube has been suspended at night. In daylight, ships can be loaded to only 40 percent capacity because of the level of the river, which is at its lowest stage in 20 years.

Opposition Seen Leading In Philippines

199 Killed During
Election Campaign

MANILA, Nov. 8 (UPI)—The opposition Liberal party took a surprise early lead today over President Ferdinand E. Marcos's Nacionalista candidates as voters cast ballots at the close of the bloodless election campaign in the Philippine republic's 35-year history.

The Philippines News Service tally of campaign-connected deaths tonight stood at 199, with 207 wounded, since the first political killing was reported July 9. The casualty total included at least 40 killed and 23 wounded on election day.

Philippines elected senate, provincial and municipal officials in the Philippines' fifth national and local elections. The senate race—in which one-third of the senate seats were at stake—was the key contest and early returns showed the Liberals moving ahead on a wave of sympathy and protest votes.

Early trends from cities throughout the archipelago gave the Liberals a good chance to win six of the eight senate seats at stake, reversing their losses in the past three elections. In Manila, two-term Mayor Antonio J. Villegas was trailing Rep. Ramon D. Bagatsing, the united opposition candidate.

Mr. Villegas conceded defeat in a call to a radio station. The post of Manila mayor is considered the second most important in the Philippines after the presidency.

The Liberal comeback appeared based in part on their campaign slogan, "Remember Plaza Miranda," the Manila square where unidentified terrorists buried fragmentation grenades at an opposition party rally, killing eight persons and wounding 96.

At stake in the election, in addition to the eight senate seats, were 66 provincial governorships and more than 15,000 provincial, city and municipal offices. The Commission on Elections estimated the voter turnout was 80-85 percent of the 11 million registered voters.

Meanwhile, the Commission on Election was investigating the crash Friday of a Philippine Air Force C-47 transport plane, which 400 fake ballot boxes were found.

Four persons died in the crash in the sea, near Macatan Island, in the central Philippines. Four others survived, but when questioned about the boxes, they vehemently denied knowing anything about them.

**52,729 Early 1972's
Recalled by Chrysler**

DETROIT, Nov. 8 (UPI)—Chrysler Corp. is notifying the owners of 52,729 early production 1972 models to return their cars to dealers for inspection and replacement, if necessary, of a possible defect in the transmission assembly.

Dodges, Plymouths, Chryslers and Imperials with automatic transmissions are involved in the recall.

Same Belgium Regime Likely But Federalists Gain in Vote

BRUSSELS, Nov. 8 (UPI)—The outgoing coalition of Social Christians and Socialists is likely to form Belgium's next government, but under strong pressure from federalist parties to grant more powers to the French and Flemish regions, political sources said today.

Premier Gaston Eyskens today routinely gave his government's resignation to King Baudouin, after yesterday's parliamentary election in which federalist parties, particularly French radical groups, scored marked progress.

The king accepted the resignation and asked Mr. Eyskens, a Christian Socialist, to stay on as a caretaker cabinet until a new government is formed.

In a surprise breakthrough, the Walloon Rally in the French-speaking part of Belgium and the French Democratic Front in Brussels made a major leap forward in parliamentary strength.

French Gain 11 Seats

Interior Ministry calculations, based on complete semi-official results, gave the allied parties a combined strength of 24 seats, a gain of 11.

This makes them even stronger than the Flemish federalist party, the Volksunie, which went up from 20 to 22 seats.

Main losers were the Liberals, a conservative opposition party, which kept only 34 of its previous 47 seats. The Communists lost one of their five seats.

The two government parties increased their combined majority by one seat—the Social Christians lost one of their 68 seats while the Socialists won two for a total of 61.

Federalist spokesmen ascribed their success to a growing desire among both French and Flemish-speaking Belgians to have a bigger say in their own affairs.

The Eyskens government pushed through laws and constitutional reforms to give the regions more autonomy in cultural and economic affairs. The laws provide the legal basis for the reforms which still have to be put into effect.

Francis Perin, chairman of the

Jail Is Penalty For a Greek Headline Slip

Publisher Punished
For Agnew Coverage

ATHENS, Nov. 8 (AP)—The Greek publisher of the English-language daily Athens News was convicted today of headlining the story on Vice-President Agnew's arrival in Athens last month with "Bombs, Recruited School Children Greet Agnew."

The court said the story did not conform to the headline and sentenced him to seven months in prison and imposed a 10,000-drachma (\$333) fine.

Ioannis Horn contended that a paragraph pertaining to the headline had been dropped in error in the newspaper's composing room and that a correction was made in the next day's edition. Mr. Horn was released pending an appeal.

The conviction came under the press law, which stipulates that alarming newspaper headlines must be supported by the contents of the story beneath them.

The prosecutor contended that the paragraph referring to bombs and recruited school children was omitted on purpose in order to mislead his readers.

Mr. Agnew's arrival in Athens on Oct. 16 for a week's visit was preceded by two explosions that damaged cars belonging to the U.S. Air Force.

Mr. Horn, publisher of the small-circulation paper for the last 20 years, has been critical of the military-backed Athens government.

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ley-Livingstone Commemoration

th Richard M. Roraback

(Continued from Page 1)

over, first northwest, then west to Kigoma, a sizeable

to be due north of the fabled Ujiji. I spared my party promises of Tanganyika beer and French-fried goat

the outskirts of Kigoma and we hear the glasses tinkle, making haste to the terrace of the Kigoma hotel, for

Hasson is dispatched with a bale of bangles to secure are welcome to break bread for a small consideration.

of the Second Herald Expedition, heedless of his own erds his party to the dining room, a path bordered on

large round pastboard target and on the right by the erce Wahia dart-throwers, and woe be to the rabid

ought in the cross-fire of a shilling-a-point game!

aments arrayed on our table are symbolic of eclectic in the vanguard is salt from the brine-springs of the

ponder the problem of whether to sleep with my mosquito netting open to allow the larger species their freedom, thus leaving myself vulnerable to the incursions of the voracious Anopheles, I fall into a restless slumber, dreaming of "The Hellstrom Chronicle."

With Henry M. Stanley

(Continued from Page 1)

and the sun is sinking rapidly towards the west; yet, apparently, we are not fatigued.

We reach the outskirts of Niamtanga, and we hear drums beat. The people are flying into the woods; they desert their villages, for they take us to be Rugs-Rugs—the forest thieves of Mirambo, who, after conquering the Arabs of Unyamwebe, are coming to fight the Arabs of Ujiji. Even the King files from his village, and every man, woman and child, terror-stricken, follows him. We enter into it and quietly take possession, and my tent is set. Finally, the word is bruited about that we are Wangwana, from Unyamwebe.

"Well, then, is Mirambo dead?" they ask.

"No," we answer.

"Well, how did you come to Unyamwebe?"

"By way of Ukonongo, Ukawendi, and Uthia."

"Oh—hi-le!" Then they laugh heartily at their fright and begin to make excuses. The King is introduced to me, and he says he had only gone to the woods in order to attack us again—he meant to have come back and killed us all, if we had been Rugs-Rugs. But we knew the poor King was terribly frightened, and would never have dared to return, had we been Rugs-Rugs—not he.

We are not, however, in a mood to quarrel with him about an idiomatic phrase peculiar to him, but rather take him by the hand and shake it well, and say we are so very glad to see him. And he shares in our pleasure, and immediately three of the fattest sheep, pots of beer, flour, and honey are brought to us as a gift, and I make him happier still with two of the finest cloths I have in my sales; and thus a friendly pact is entered into between us.

While I write my diary of this day's proceedings, I tell Selim to lay out my new flannel suit, to oil my boots, to chalk my helmet, and fold a new puggaree around it, that I might make as presentable an appearance as possible before the white man with the grey beard, and before the Arabs of Ujiji; for the clothes I have worn through jungle and forest are in tatters.

Good-night; only let one day come again, and we shall see what we shall see.

Around the European Galler

1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 26

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Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

PARIS, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1971

FINANCE

Page 7

Pact Eludes Japan, Europe

Industry Chiefs
Will Meet Again

(AP-DJ)—by Yoshikazu... of Nippon... return from... at Japan and... countries are... in limit... leader of the... told a press... six EEC... proposed that... ports to their... item-by-item... basis... proposed that... exports to Ire... Sweden... countries that... export mar... and British steel

Lag in Orders Pressures
Prices at U.S. Steel Firms

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 8 (AP-DJ)—Steel prices in the United States, under pressure from the continued lack of any significant new business, are soft. Steel buyers and producers alike agree there are price concessions available in at least some markets and products.

Textile Import
In U.S. Rose
Record 61%

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8 (AP-DJ)—U.S. textile imports totaled an unprecedented 609 million square yards in September, 61 percent above year-earlier levels, 57 percent of which came from Japan, Hong Kong, Taiwan and South Korea, the Commerce Department reported over the week-end.

Textile imports in the first nine months of this year, the agency said, rose 28 percent to \$1,843 billion from about \$1,441 billion a year earlier.

Although Japan had announced that a system of voluntary textile export restraints took effect last July 1, a U.S. industry spokesman said there was nothing in the U.S. government figures to show that Japan had actually slowed its exports of textiles.

Profits Drop 28%
At Nippon Steel,
14% at Kobe Steel

TOKYO, Nov. 8 (Reuters)—Nippon Steel, Japan's largest steel producer, today reported a 28 percent drop in six-month profits and cut its semi-annual dividend 20 percent.

Profits in the half-year ended Sept. 30 fell to \$348 billion yen (about \$28 million) from \$500 billion in the preceding six months.

Sales fell to 619.7 billion yen from the 634.4 billion in the preceding period. Nippon officials attributed the decline in results to the protracted domestic economic slump and a sharp rise in production costs.

The company said prospects for the current six months are uncertain because of the possibility of a yen revaluation and the impact of the U.S. import surcharge.

is his "personal opinion Japan and the European countries will reach agreement in January or February next year," other industry officials noted that there would have to be some sizeable compromises made for this to materialize.

Some press reports suggested that those compromises would come at the December meeting and that restraints could then take effect in January, but industry officials doubted that agreement would come that quickly.

Steel orders show only faint signs of coming out of their recent depression. Two producers say orders are on the rise but from a low base, so that, in absolute numbers, the order level still is dismal. One big producer says its orders for November delivery are running about 15 to 20 percent ahead of those for October and that shipments this month could rise to around six million tons.

German Banker
Sees Worsening
Business Outlook

FRANKFURT, Nov. 8 (AP-DJ)—West Germany's economic situation is worsening and there is definite fear of a recession next year, Franz Heinrich Ulrich, chairman of Deutsche Bank, said today.

In a speech to the Chamber of Commerce, Mr. Ulrich said that he based his forecast on a survey the bank conducted among major industrial enterprises with which the bank is closely connected.

All companies polled reported sharply declining profits, sharply rising production costs and reduced capital spending, he said.

"There is hardly any company in the country that isn't reviving its capital spending program downward now," Mr. Ulrich said, adding that this may lead to a "chain reaction" with "avalanche effects."

These effects appear to be leading to a serious recession next year, he said.

He said short-time work and layoffs in many countries would reduce consumer goods spending next year and that this may lead to reduced buying of autos in 1972.

Discussing the international monetary situation, he said: "What I cannot understand, however, is the fact that U.S. capital investments abroad are rising in the face of all the talk on the need for a swing in the U.S. payments balance to a surplus from a deficit position."

According to Mr. Ulrich, U.S. capital investments which totaled \$10.7 billion in 1969, rose to \$12.35 billion in 1970 and are projected at \$15.8 billion for 1971.

Auto Makers
In U.S. See
No Boom Yet

2-Month Sales Gain
Fails to Allay Worries

DETROIT, Nov. 8 (AP-DJ)—Despite record sales in September and October, auto makers here are worried about sales, and they insist an auto boom is not under way.

Auto makers figure that the freeze stimulation to sales will be replaced with the sales deterrent of higher prices once Phase 1 of President Nixon's economic program ends and auto makers are allowed to raise prices.

General Motors found that about 35 percent of its buyers, a higher percentage than normal, are taking cars right out of dealers' inventories because they do not want to gamble on orders that might be delivered after the freeze at higher prices.

Another reason sales may lose momentum is that Phase 2 price increases on the subcompact Pinto, Vegas and Gremlin would erase some of the advantage they recently gained because of import price increases. And settlement of dock strikes eventually will solve foreign dealers' inventory shortages.

Phase 2 also poses uncertainties. Phase 2 also poses uncertainties. Phase 2 also poses uncertainties. Phase 2 also poses uncertainties. Phase 2 also poses uncertainties.

Production planners have reportedly reviewed their schedules since sales started to rise in late August. For instance, GM has announced a gradual 3 percent increase in its production rate. But so far additions to schedules for the fourth quarter have been minor.

Output Is Normal
Production planners have reportedly reviewed their schedules since sales started to rise in late August. For instance, GM has announced a gradual 3 percent increase in its production rate.

The industry's cautious reaction to its own sales gains is undermining at least one aim of the Nixon plan—more jobs. Although GM has announced plans to recall or hire 1,000 workers, unemployment is still high in many cities where the auto makers and their suppliers have factories.

The hiring situation is not likely to turn around soon, either. "What we need is a good strong sustained demand," says a labor official at one auto company. "The short-run swings have to be covered by overtime because to change the line speed and create new jobs means fundamental changes in assembly line assignments."

Chrysler Lifts Prices
On Its Imported Autos

DETROIT, Nov. 8 (AP-DJ)—Chrysler Corp. said today it is raising prices, effective today, on its Japanese-built Dodge and English-built Plymouth Chrysler cars sold in the United States.

Chrysler said its lowest priced Colt will go up \$169 to \$2,164 and the Cricket will go up \$89 to \$2,082.



Proxire Report Cites Offshore Deposits

Other Alaska Oil May Dwarf North Slope's

By Hedley Burrell
WASHINGTON, Nov. 8 (WP).—Potential oil supplies off the coast of southern Alaska may be larger than the North Slope deposits, according to a report released yesterday by Sen. William Proxmire, D., Wis.

REFA, Real Estate Fund,
Officers Sued for \$40 Million

NEW YORK, Nov. 8 (AP).—A \$40 million suit has been filed against the Real Estate Fund of America, an offshore fund operated by International Investors Group. Sales and redemptions of REFA shares were suspended late last year.

The suit, initiated by a group of investors, claims that the fund's officers and directors made false and misleading statements to persons making real estate investments in the United States. It charges "gross negligence in making imprudent real estate investments and paying excessive or unearned real estate commissions."

Company
Reports

| Liggett & Myers | | 1971 | 1970 | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------|-------|
| Third Quarter | Revenue (millions) | 189.22 | 177.57 | |
| | Profits (millions) | 11.7 | 8.55 | |
| | Per Share | 1.23 | 1.20 | |
| Nine Months | | Revenue (millions) | 538.13 | 497.4 |
| | Profits (millions) | 26.78 | 22.14 | |
| | Per Share | 3.22 | 2.85 | |
| Lykes-Youngblood | | 1971 | 1970 | |
| Third Quarter | Revenue (millions) | 252.8 | 235.8 | |
| | Profits (millions) | 37.1 | 31.2 | |
| | Per Share | 1.12 | 1.02 | |
| Nine Months | | Revenue (millions) | 733.3 | 694.1 |
| | Profits (millions) | 55.4 | 48.8 | |
| | Per Share | 0.53 | 0.05 | |
| Panhandle Eastern Pipe Line | | 1971 | 1970 | |
| Third Quarter | Revenue (millions) | 104.3 | 94.4 | |
| | Profits (millions) | 9.9 | 8.7 | |
| | Per Share | 0.43 | 0.55 | |
| Nine months | | Revenue (millions) | 314.4 | 307.7 |
| | Profits (millions) | 30.7 | 23.3 | |
| | Per Share | 1.97 | 2.21 | |

Construction Contracts
In U.S. Up 26 Percent

NEW YORK, Nov. 8 (AP-DJ)—Continuing an advance that began in May, U.S. construction contracts rose to \$6.8 billion in September, a 26 percent gain from the \$5.4 billion reported for future contracting in September 1970.

The latest figure brought the nine-month total this year to \$61 billion, 17 percent above the like period last year, according to the F.W. Dodge division of McGraw-Hill Information Systems.

George A. Christie, chief economist for Dodge, said the improvement in construction contracting in the past five months has been due mainly to the booming housing market. But he said, there has also been a 10 to 15 percent increase in the rate of contracting for nonresidential construction, including both buildings and engineering work.

Big Board Prices Drift
Lower, Trading Slows

NEW YORK, Nov. 8 (AP-DJ).—Prices drifted lower in listless trading on the New York Stock Exchange today.

The Dow Jones industrial average, down as much as four points at midday, closed at 837.54, down 2.85. Volume fell to 8.52 million shares from 10.78 million on Friday.

About the only bright spot on the market was gold stocks, which rose sharply. Barron's Financial Weekly, quoted South African Finance Minister Nicholas Diercks as saying at a recent monetary conference that lagging world trade would force the United States to return to the gold standard and to double the price of gold.

Among gold issues that responded with gains were: Campbell Red Lake, up 2 1/2 to 23 7/8. Homestake Mining, up 1 3/8 to 21 3/8. Dome Mines, up 2 1/2 to 54 1/2. and American South African, up 2 1/4 to 37 5/8.

Auto stocks were mixed. Chrysler, which said shortly before the close that it was raising prices on imported Colts and Crickets cars, rose 1/4 to 28 1/4. Ford was unchanged at 67 3/8. General Motors lost 1/8 to 79 1/8 and American Motors fell 1/4 to 7 1/8.

Glamour stocks were also mixed. Alconore was active and fell 1 3/8 to 24 3/8. Bausch & Lomb gained 5/8 to 155 3/4. IBM fell 3/4 to 289 1/4 and Disney fell 7/8 to 133.

Glass and container company stocks were soft. The Wall Street Journal quoted a major brokerage house as advising its clients to avoid such stocks. American Can fell 1/2 to 32 1/4 and Anchor Hocking lost 1 7/8 to 29 1/2.

Oil stocks were weak as the Persian Gulf oil-producing countries met to consider counter-proposals on prices made by oil firms represented by Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey, which closed at 70, down 3/8.

Among other oil issues, British Petroleum fell 1/8 to 13 1/2. Gulf was unchanged at 26 1/2 and Shell rose 1/8 to 44 1/8. Asaram, which said it expects an earnings gain for the year and expects to expand overseas output, rose 1/8 to 14 3/8.

Computer Sciences rose 5/8 to 7 5/8 after it was awarded a contract by the New York City Office of the Mayor. Data Sciences rose 3/4 to 19 1/4 after it forecast an earnings gain and Londontown rose 1 3/8 to 14 1/8 after it also said it expected a profit upturn.

Joseph Schlitz Brewing closed unchanged at 85. After the close, the company's directors proposed a 3-for-1 stock split.

The American Stock Exchange index fell 0.04 to 24.50. Among the most active, Data Products rose 1/2 to 4 and Presley Development rose 3 3/4 to 61.

Cinemas was unchanged at 3 3/4 after it reported 13-week net income against a year-earlier loss.

OEP Criticized
The OEP, charged with keeping an eye on imports and price increases, has come up with an analysis of petroleum reserves and drilling and exploration expenditure based on unverified data supplied by the industry, the Lohel report says.

"Despite the enormous economic welfare and national security questions involved, the government has failed to collect data of its own."

"Without such data, no reliable analysis on which to base policy decisions is possible."

The Lohel study says that, despite the lack of analysis, the OEP concluded not only that November, 1970, price increases were necessary, but also that future raises would be needed for national security reasons.

One Dollar—
LONDON, Nov. 8 (AP-DJ)—The following set the pound closing interest rates for the dollar on the major international exchanges:

| | Today | Previous |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------|
| Ster. is per £1 | 2.4835 | 2.4875 |
| Belgian franc | 46.37-38 | 46.35-36 |
| Deutsche mark | 3.5477 | 3.5529 |
| Free Fr. per £1 | 4.40-41 | 5.40-41 |
| Guilder | 3.34 | 3.3425 |
| Swiss franc | 3.9928-9948 | 3.9908-9918 |
| Yen | 328.75 | 328.85 |



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| 1971 - Stocks and Bonds | | | | 1971 - Stocks and Bonds | | | | 1971 - Stocks and Bonds | | | |
|-------------------------|--|------------|------|-------------------------|--|------------|------|-------------------------|--|------------|------|
| High Low | | Div. in \$ | Stk. | High Low | | Div. in \$ | Stk. | High Low | | Div. in \$ | Stk. |
| 1971 | | 1970 | 1969 | 1971 | | 1970 | 1969 | 1971 | | 1970 | 1969 |
| 1971 | | 1970 | 1969 | 1971 | | 1970 | 1969 | 1971 | | 1970 | 1969 |
| 1971 | | 1970 | 1969 | 1971 | | 1970 | 1969 | 1971 | | 1970 | 1969 |
| 1971 | | 1970 | 1969 | 1971 | | 1970 | 1969 | 1971 | | 1970 | 1969 |
| 1971 | | 1970 | 1969 | 1971 | | 1970 | 1969 | 1971 | | 1970 | 1969 |
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| 1971 | | 1970 | 1969 | 1971 | | 1970 | 1969 | 1971 | | 1970 | 1969 |
| 1971 | | 1970 | 1969 | 1971 | | 1970 | 1969 | 1971 | | 1970 | 1969 |
| 1971 | | 1970 | 1969 | 1971 | | 1970 | 1969 | 1971 | | 1970 | 1969 |
| 1971 | | 1970 | 1969 | 1971 | | 1970 | 1969 | 1971 | | 19 | |

[illegible]

New York Stock Exchange Trading

[illegible]

U.S. Commodity Prices

[illegible]

Exchange

| Nov. 9, 1971 | | |
|-----------------|--------------|--------------------|
| | Price Yen | Price Dollars |
| Asahi Glass | 354 | Maru Ei Wks 30 |
| Daiichi Camera | 356 | Mitsui Bkgs Ltd 30 |
| Daikin Pump | 360 | Mitsui Bkgs Ltd 30 |
| Fuji Bank | 320 | Mitsui Bkgs Ltd 30 |
| Fuji Photo | 360 | Mitsui Bkgs Ltd 30 |
| Huachi | 360 | Nippon Elec 30 |
| Honda Motor | 324 | Sharp 30 |
| Itoh | 360 | Saito 30 |
| Japan Air Lines | 1,620 | Sanyo Corp 30 |
| Japan P. & T. | 360 | Sanyo Corp 30 |
| Kao Soap | 360 | Takachi Marine 30 |
| Kirin Brewery | 330 | Takachi Marine 30 |
| Komatsu | 336 | Toshiba 30 |
| Kumada E. Wks. | 373 | Toshiba Marine 30 |
| Mitsui E. Ind. | 490 | Toshiba 30 |

European Gold Markets

| | Nov. 4, 1971 | Op. | CL | %C |
|-------------------------|--------------|-------|-------|----|
| London | 42 35 | 42 40 | + 0.0 | |
| Zurich | 42 37 | 42 42 | + 0.1 | |
| Paris (42.5 klus) ... | 42.91 | 42.85 | - 0.0 | |
| U.S. dollars per ounce. | | | | |

Market Summary

| Nov. 2, 1971 | | | |
|-----------------------|---------|---------|----------|
| Most Actives—New York | | | |
| Comput Sci | 159,299 | 74% | + 4% |
| Bolke Casco | 152,200 | 15% | - 1% |
| Glen Alden | 135,200 | 5 1/2% | - 14% |
| Howard John | 102,900 | 37% | - 2% |
| McGraw Hill | 79,400 | 17 1/2% | - 3% |
| McDermott | 76,500 | 31% | - 2 1/2% |

| | | |
|-------------|--------|---------|
| Occiden Pet | 67,500 | 12 1/2% |
| Texaco Inc | 60,300 | 32 1/2% |
| IntTelTel | 50,900 | 50% |

| | | | |
|------------|--------|--------|-------|
| Gulf Oil | 54,808 | 26 1/2 | |
| TransW Air | 54,200 | 37 1/2 | + 1/2 |
| MobilOil | 52,189 | 47 1/2 | + 3/4 |
| Xerox | 49,800 | 2 1/2 | - 1/2 |

Volume, all stocks, 4,520,606 shares.
 Volume, 15 stocks, 1,244,750 shares.
 Ratio 15 stocks, 14.8 percent.
 Average price, 37 stocks, \$27.25

Advances, 603; declines, 728;
changed, 253.

N.Y. Stock Index: 52.12 -0.04; Industrials: 55.55 -0.07; transportation: 45.50 +0.03; utility: 37.37 +0.07; finance: 70.10 (unch.).

Most Active—American

| | | | |
|----------|--------|-----|--------|
| TWA wt | 52,800 | 23% | +1 1/4 |
| Shaw-Wal | 30,700 | 37 | -4 |

| | | |
|--------------|--------|-------|
| Rapid A. W. | 23,000 | 4.5 |
| Data Prod | 25,200 | 4 |
| Morse El. P. | 21,000 | 23.75 |
| Est. Recora | 18,300 | 21.5 |

| | | | |
|--------------------------|--------|-------------------|-----|
| Per share | 1979 | 1978 | % C |
| Praxley Div | 18,700 | 61 | +34 |
| Bottles Gas | 17,800 | 12 ^{1/2} | +40 |
| Cineraxa | 16,950 | 2 ^{3/4} | |
| Approx total stock sales | | 2,050,800 | |
| Stock sales year ago | | 2,412,705 | |

American Stock Index:

| High | Low | Close | % C |
|------|-----|-------|-----|
|------|-----|-------|-----|

Dow Jones Average
Open High Low Close

| | | | | | |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 36 Ind | 835.22 | 843.60 | 832.51 | 837.54 | - 2.85 |
| 20 Trn | 229.59 | 230.71 | 227.93 | 229.57 | + 0.25 |
| 15 Utl | 112.47 | 112.40 | 112.15 | 112.54 | - 0.22 |
| 45 Slt | 292.88 | 294.48 | 290.81 | 292.54 | - 0.53 |

Standard & Poor's

High Low Class N.C.

| | | | |
|--------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| 55 Utilities | 57.05 | 56.31 | 56.61 |
| 500 Stocks | 94.97 | 93.73 | 94.37 |

| | | Shares | Buy | Sales | Short |
|--------|-------|---------|---------|-------|-------|
| Nov. 5 | | 217,862 | 357,088 | 0.980 | |
| Nov. 4 | | 306,505 | 401,323 | 1.177 | |
| Nov. 3 | | 269,030 | 383,016 | 1.404 | |
| Nov. 2 | | 248,128 | 330,747 | 1.223 | |
| Nov. 1 | | 241,138 | 376,867 | 1.517 | |

*These totals are included in the sales figures.

Weis, Voisin & Co., Inc.



are pleased to announce
the appointment of

Michael N. Russell

as manager of their new
London office
at
61 Cheapside, London, E.C.2
01-248 4217

**AP-DOW JONES
FINANCIAL WIRE**

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worldwide
investment news
with integrity
accuracy and speed**

**...including
on-line transmission of the
Dow Jones News Service**

**83-86 FARRINGTON STREET
LONDON, EC4A 4BR**

**TELEPHONE:
01-353 1515**

are pleased to announce that

SAM I. NAKAGAMA

has joined our firm as
Vice President—Economist
I has been elected a Director
of the Corporation

**Kidder, Peabody
& Co. INCORPORATED**
Founded 1865
Members New York and American Stock Exchanges

Exchange Place, New York, N. Y. 10005

Philadelphia San Francisco Los Angeles Atlanta Dallas
and 23 other cities across the country

\$15,000,000

Telephone Company

and Debentures Due November 1, 1996

Paine, Webber, Jackson & Curtis
Incorporated

First Boston Corporation **duPont Glore Forgan**
Incorporated

Securities & Co. **Halsey, Stuart & Co. Inc.**

Emphill, Noyes **Kidder, Peabody & Co.**
Incorporated

Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith **Salomon Brothers**
Incorporated

Stone & Webster Securities Corporation

Bache & Co. **Reynolds Securities Inc.**
Incorporated

A. G. Becker & Co. **Burnham and Company**
Incorporated

Corporation **E. F. Hutton & Company Inc.**

Walston & Co., Inc. **S. G. Warburg & Co.**
Limited

Thomson & McKimmon Anchmloss Inc.

INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1971

[illegible]

International Bonds Traded in Europe

Midday Indicated Prices

[illegible][illegible]

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|-----|-----|------------------------|-----|------|-----------------|-------|-------|--------|
| June 74-81..... | 94% | 96% | Conf Tote 74-83..... | 94% | 147 | Yesterday | 96.36 | 99.26 | 106.90 |
| June 81-84..... | 94% | 96% | Commodity 74-83..... | 94% | 147 | Previous..... | 96.36 | 99.26 | 106.90 |
| June 84-86..... | 94% | 96% | Conf Nippon 74-83..... | 94% | 119% | 120% | | 96.36 | 99.26 |

| Mutual Funds | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------------|-----------|-------|-----------|
| NEW YORK (AP) | | Closing prices on Nov. 8, 1971 | | | | Sopliers | | | |
| The following securities, supplied by the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., are at prices as of 4:00 p.m. and would have been bought Monday. | | Bid | Ask | Bid | Ask | Bid | Ask | Bid | Ask |
| Delta | 7.10 7.20 | Delta | 7.10 7.20 | Var Py | 7.10 7.20 | Sopliers | 7.10 7.20 | Delta | 7.10 7.20 |
| Dir Cap | 6.80 6.90 | Delta | 7.10 7.20 | Inv Rnd | 7.10 7.20 | Schurz | 7.10 7.20 | Delta | 7.10 7.20 |
| Dir Cap | 14.70 14.70 | Delta | 7.10 7.20 | Var Py | 7.10 7.20 | Scudder Funds | 7.10 7.20 | Delta | 7.10 7.20 |
| Delta | 12.54 12.54 | Delta | 7.10 7.20 | Inv Rnd | 7.10 7.20 | Speci | 7.10 7.20 | Delta | 7.10 7.20 |
| Dreyfus | 11.40 11.50 | Delta | 7.10 7.20 | J Hancock | 7.10 7.20 | Bolan | 7.10 7.20 | Delta | 7.10 7.20 |
| Dreyfus | 14.20 14.20 | Delta | 7.10 7.20 | Johansen | 7.10 7.20 | Cost St | 7.10 7.20 | Delta | 7.10 7.20 |
| Dreyfus | 14.20 14.20 | Delta | 7.10 7.20 | Keystone | 7.10 7.20 | Securities Funds | 7.10 7.20 | Delta | 7.10 7.20 |
| Gatorback | 9.30 9.30 | Delta | 7.10 7.20 | Apollis | 7.10 7.20 | Equity | 7.10 7.20 | Delta | 7.10 7.20 |
| Gatorback | 12.90 12.90 | Delta | 7.10 7.20 | Cos St | 7.10 7.20 | Invest | 7.10 7.20 | Delta | 7.10 7.20 |
| Gatorback | 12.90 12.90 | Delta | 7.10 7.20 | Delta | 7.10 7.20 | Ultra | 7.10 7.20 | Delta | 7.10 7.20 |
| Gatorback | 12.90 12.90 | Delta | 7.10 7.20 | Delta | 7.10 7.20 | Selected | 7.10 7.20 | Delta | 7.10 7.20 |
| Gatorback | 12.90 12.90 | Delta | 7.10 7.20 | Delta | 7.10 7.20 | Delta | 7.10 7.20 | Delta | 7.10 7.20 |

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| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|------|------|----------|-------|-------|------------|-------|-------|---------|-------|-------|
| Grwth | 5.61 | 6.13 | Com St | 11.63 | 12.72 | Grwth Fund | 13.70 | 14.97 | Con Gr | 12.01 | 13.16 |
| ncorn | 7.54 | 8.24 | GrthFd A | 8.76 | 8.92 | 101 Fund | 9.36 | 10.23 | Con Inc | 11.48 | 12.59 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-------|-------|-----------|-------|-------|---------|-------|-------|------------|-------|-------|
| Spec | 1.29 | 2.07 | Grish Ind | 19.83 | 19.83 | One Wms | 15.33 | 15.33 | Incom | 13.33 | 14.61 |
| Cap | 7.69 | 8.40 | Guard IA | 23.58 | 23.58 | OWell | 11.80 | 11.80 | Scien | 7.64 | 8.87 |
| Und | 9.87 | 10.79 | Hamilton: | | | Oppen | 8.40 | 9.18 | Vang | 8.95 | 9.81 |
| Fund | 86.12 | | Fd. HF1 | 4.52 | 4.94 | Opp AUM | 12.04 | 13.16 | U Pd Can | 7.16 | 7.85 |
| | | | Grwth | 7.39 | 8.08 | OTC Sec | 7.41 | 11.31 | Value Line | Fd: | |

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|--------|-------|-------|----------|------|------|--------|------|------|
| 10.03 | H&C Fd | 13.84 | 13.84 | Paul Rvt | 7.75 | 8.47 | Incarn | 4.94 | 5.41 |
| 10.03 | H&C Fd | 13.84 | 13.84 | Paul Rvt | 7.75 | 8.47 | Incarn | 4.94 | 5.41 |
| 10.03 | H&C Fd | 13.84 | 13.84 | Paul Rvt | 7.75 | 8.47 | Incarn | 4.94 | 5.41 |

| | | | | | | | |
|---------|-------------|-----------|-------------|----------|-------------|---------|------------|
| Female: | 10.98 17.24 | Hed. Cor | 7.55 12.38 | Pink St | 3.90 7.50 | Spn Ash | 4.28 3.34 |
| Male: | 4.09 4.47 | Hed Cor | 7.55 12.38 | Pk Mut | 3.90 7.50 | Spn Ash | 4.28 3.34 |
| Grwth | 10.37 11.36 | Heritage | 2.36 2.49 | Phils | 14.15 15.05 | Speci | 5.85 |
| Grwth | 6.14 7.87 | Heritage | 2.36 2.49 | Pilgrim | 10.10 11.04 | Speci | 5.85 |
| Grwth | 10.11 11.05 | Hed Man | 14.11 16.78 | Pine St | 11.10 11.10 | Speci | 9.70 9.95 |
| Centom | 4.91 5.45 | ICM Finl | 8.09 8.87 | Pion Ent | 7.52 8.22 | Vandrbt | 6.46 7.06 |
| Grwth | 14.11 14.11 | SI Group: | | Pion End | 11.02 12.04 | Vandrbt | 6.46 9.92 |
| Grwth | 1.28 1.39 | Grwth | 3.97 4.12 | Pion Inv | 10.91 11.92 | Vent TN | 9.30 10.47 |
| Grwth | 1.28 1.39 | Incom | 3.77 4.14 | Pilgrth | 10.31 14.22 | Vary FN | 4.55 9.95 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|----|------|------|------|-----|------|--------|-------|-------|---------|------|------|------|-------|-------|
| mp | As | 6.47 | 7.09 | Trus | on | 3.19 | Growth | 26.67 | 26.67 | Wall St | G | 8.83 | 9.65 | | |
| mp | Co | 6.22 | 6.82 | Imp | Cap | 9.96 | 10.78 | N | Era | 7.42 | 9.42 | Wash | M | 12.05 | 13.20 |

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| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|--------|-------|--------|-------|-------|---------|-------|-------|----------|------|-------|
| egh | 70.15 | 70.15 | Muti | 9.63 | 10.47 | Vista | 8.61 | 9.41 | Winfield | 4.03 | 4.40 |
| eware | Group: | | Prog | 4.96 | 5.39 | Voyag | 7.62 | 8.23 | Wisc Fd | 6.44 | 7.84 |
| fect | 11.35 | 12.40 | Stock | 18.75 | 20.38 | Revere | 9.59 | 10.38 | Worth | 2.90 | 2.90 |
| elaw | 12.54 | 13.70 | Select | 9.48 | 10.20 | Rintret | 14.52 | 15.00 | Zeigler | 9.57 | 10.46 |

| | | | | | |
|---------------|-----|-------|--------------|----|-------|
| 7 1/2 x 1 1/2 | 30% | 9 1/2 | Flag Ind | 28 | 10 |
| 22 1/2 x 2 | 14% | 2 1/2 | Flight Saffy | 3 | 9 1/2 |
| | 0% | 3 1/2 | Fla Canals | 7 | 30 |

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| | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----------|----|----|-----|
| 24 | 17% | Giant Fd | 30 | x3 | 22 |
| 12% | 4% | Giant Yel | 40 | 80 | 71% |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|------|---|-----|----|-------|----|----|----|----|----|
| 22 | 2210 | 1 | 116 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 23 | 2210 | 1 | 109 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 24 | 2210 | 1 | 142 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 25 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 26 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 27 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 28 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 29 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 30 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 31 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 32 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 33 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 34 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 35 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 36 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 37 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 38 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 39 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 40 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 41 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 42 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 43 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 44 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 45 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 46 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 47 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 48 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 49 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 50 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 51 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 52 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 53 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 54 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 55 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 56 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 57 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 58 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 59 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 60 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 61 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 62 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 63 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 64 | 2210 | 1 | 134 | 61 | Lerry | Pa | 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | |
|-------|--------|-------------|---|--------|
| 71.4 | 4 | Gr Lake Rec | 2 | 5 |
| 31 | 15 1/2 | Greenum H | 8 | 25 1/2 |
| 271.4 | 4 | Greenum H | 4 | 4 1/2 |

| | | | | | | | | | |
|------|----|----|-----|-----|-----------|----|----|-----|----|
| 5419 | 10 | 14 | 414 | 112 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5420 | 8 | 14 | 415 | 113 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5421 | 8 | 14 | 416 | 114 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5422 | 8 | 14 | 417 | 115 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5423 | 8 | 14 | 418 | 116 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5424 | 8 | 14 | 419 | 117 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5425 | 8 | 14 | 420 | 118 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5426 | 8 | 14 | 421 | 119 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5427 | 8 | 14 | 422 | 120 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5428 | 8 | 14 | 423 | 121 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5429 | 8 | 14 | 424 | 122 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5430 | 8 | 14 | 425 | 123 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5431 | 8 | 14 | 426 | 124 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5432 | 8 | 14 | 427 | 125 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5433 | 8 | 14 | 428 | 126 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5434 | 8 | 14 | 429 | 127 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5435 | 8 | 14 | 430 | 128 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5436 | 8 | 14 | 431 | 129 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5437 | 8 | 14 | 432 | 130 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5438 | 8 | 14 | 433 | 131 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5439 | 8 | 14 | 434 | 132 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5440 | 8 | 14 | 435 | 133 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5441 | 8 | 14 | 436 | 134 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5442 | 8 | 14 | 437 | 135 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5443 | 8 | 14 | 438 | 136 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5444 | 8 | 14 | 439 | 137 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5445 | 8 | 14 | 440 | 138 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5446 | 8 | 14 | 441 | 139 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5447 | 8 | 14 | 442 | 140 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5448 | 8 | 14 | 443 | 141 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5449 | 8 | 14 | 444 | 142 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5450 | 8 | 14 | 445 | 143 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5451 | 8 | 14 | 446 | 144 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5452 | 8 | 14 | 447 | 145 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5453 | 8 | 14 | 448 | 146 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5454 | 8 | 14 | 449 | 147 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5455 | 8 | 14 | 450 | 148 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5456 | 8 | 14 | 451 | 149 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5457 | 8 | 14 | 452 | 150 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5458 | 8 | 14 | 453 | 151 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5459 | 8 | 14 | 454 | 152 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5460 | 8 | 14 | 455 | 153 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5461 | 8 | 14 | 456 | 154 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5462 | 8 | 14 | 457 | 155 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5463 | 8 | 14 | 458 | 156 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5464 | 8 | 14 | 459 | 157 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5465 | 8 | 14 | 460 | 158 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5466 | 8 | 14 | 461 | 159 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5467 | 8 | 14 | 462 | 160 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5468 | 8 | 14 | 463 | 161 | McCormick | 36 | 11 | 135 | 17 |
| 5469 | 8 | 14 | 464 | 1 | | | | | |

| | | | | |
|--------|-------|-------------|----|--------|
| 10% | 6 1/2 | Hamilton Co | 7 | 6 1/2 |
| 16 1/2 | 5 | Hampsh Des | 17 | 5 1/4 |
| 15 1/2 | 6 3/4 | Hampt Sh | 32 | 10 1/4 |

[illegible]

| | | | | |
|--------|--------|-------------|---|--------|
| 137% | 6 1/2% | Hipotronics | 1 | 7 1/2% |
| 4 1/2% | 2 1/2% | Hofm Indust | 7 | 2 1/2% |

[illegible]

| | | | | |
|----------|------|------|------|------|
| L Second | 814 | 814 | 814 | 130 |
| Loblaw B | 4.95 | 4.85 | 4.90 | 7018 |
| Lob | 3.62 | 3.62 | 3.60 | 7025 |

| | | | | |
|----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 10 | 12.75 | 13.75 | 15.25 | -25 |
| 11 | 25.50 | 30.00 | 35.00 | -25 |
| 12 | 25.50 | 30.00 | 35.00 | -25 |
| 13 | 11.5 | 12.75 | 11.90 | -25 |
| 14 | 1.90 | 1.70 | 1.95 | -25 |
| 15 | 2.75 | 2.64 | 2.75 | +0.1 |
| 16 | 4.35 | 4.52 | 4.35 | +0.10 |
| 17 | 2.75 | 2.64 | 2.75 | +0.10 |
| 18 | 3.85 | 4.52 | 4.35 | -25 |
| 19 | 4.35 | 4.52 | 4.35 | -25 |
| 20 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | -25 |
| 21 | 2.40 | 2.55 | 2.60 | -75 |
| 22 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | -25 |
| 23 | 2.90 | 2.90 | 2.90 | -25 |
| 24 | 3.25 | 3.25 | 3.25 | -25 |
| 25 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 26 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 27 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 28 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 29 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 30 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 31 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 32 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 33 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 34 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 35 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 36 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 37 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 38 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 39 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 40 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 41 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 42 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 43 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 44 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 45 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 46 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 47 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 48 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 49 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 51 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 52 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 53 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 54 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 55 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 56 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 57 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 58 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 59 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 60 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 61 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 62 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 63 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 64 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 65 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 66 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 67 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 68 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 69 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 70 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 71 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 72 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 73 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 74 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 75 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 76 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 77 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 78 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 79 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 80 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 81 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 82 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 83 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 84 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 85 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | -25 |
| 86 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | - |

| | | | | |
|-------------|-----|--------|--------------|--------|
| Trans Can. | 34% | 34% | 34% + 1/2 | 6300 L |
| Trans Mt. | 20% | 20 1/2 | 20 1/2 - 1/4 | 150 F |
| Un Gas Can. | 14 | 13% | 13% - 1/8 | 200 G |

| | | | |
|----------|-------|-------|-----|
| ...s | 1.83 | 1.83 | |
| ...n Oil | 4.75 | 4.75 | -12 |
| ...n | 28.50 | 28.50 | -12 |
| Petro | 11.07 | 11.07 | -12 |
| Oil | 11.25 | 11.25 | -12 |
| Oil | 9.75 | 9.75 | -12 |
| ...s | 1.95 | 1.95 | -12 |
| ...s | 8.40 | 8.40 | -12 |
| ...s | 1.70 | 1.70 | -12 |
| ...s | 1.70 | 1.70 | -12 |

Neutral Stocks

| | | | |
|------|------|------|-----|
| ...s | 1114 | 1114 | -14 |
| ...s | 2914 | 2914 | -14 |
| ...s | 1594 | 1594 | -14 |
| ...s | 1044 | 1044 | -14 |

Convertible

| | | | |
|------|------|------|-----|
| ...s | 1294 | 1294 | -14 |
| ...s | 1294 | 1294 | -14 |

Convertible

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|--------|------|------|------|-----|--------|
| Marben | 1.45 | 1.40 | 1.40 | —05 | 500 CA |
| Morris | 1.31 | 1.27 | 1.27 | —03 | 661 CA |
| Pruehl | 1.28 | 1.23 | 1.23 | —05 | 105 CA |

| | | | | |
|--------------------|-------|------|------|------|
| Ind | 4.20 | 4.15 | 4.20 | +1.5 |
| Gen | 4.35 | 4.16 | 4.34 | +1.5 |
| Chem | 3.95 | 4.00 | 4.00 | +1.5 |
| Int'l Pow | 2.28 | 2.28 | 2.28 | +1.5 |
| Cell A | 1.78 | 1.78 | 1.78 | +1.5 |
| Cell B | 1.78 | 1.78 | 1.78 | +1.5 |
| A | 1.78 | 1.78 | 1.78 | +1.5 |
| A | 1.78 | 1.78 | 1.78 | +1.5 |
| Crust | 1.78 | 1.78 | 1.78 | +1.5 |
| CU | 71.00 | 6.90 | 6.90 | +1.5 |
| Co | 5.28 | 5.28 | 5.28 | +1.5 |
| Co | 5.28 | 5.28 | 5.28 | +1.5 |
| Bank | 2.30 | 2.30 | 2.30 | +1.5 |
| Lea | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | +1.5 |
| A | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | +1.5 |
| Elec | 2.30 | 2.30 | 2.30 | +1.5 |
| Ind | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | +1.5 |
| on 784-728 shares. | | | | |

...the fact that the *in vitro* and *in vivo* results are in good agreement.

100-443887-100

هكذا عن الأصل

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☐ G. The Marketing Controller — 5 Cassettes and

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PEANUTS



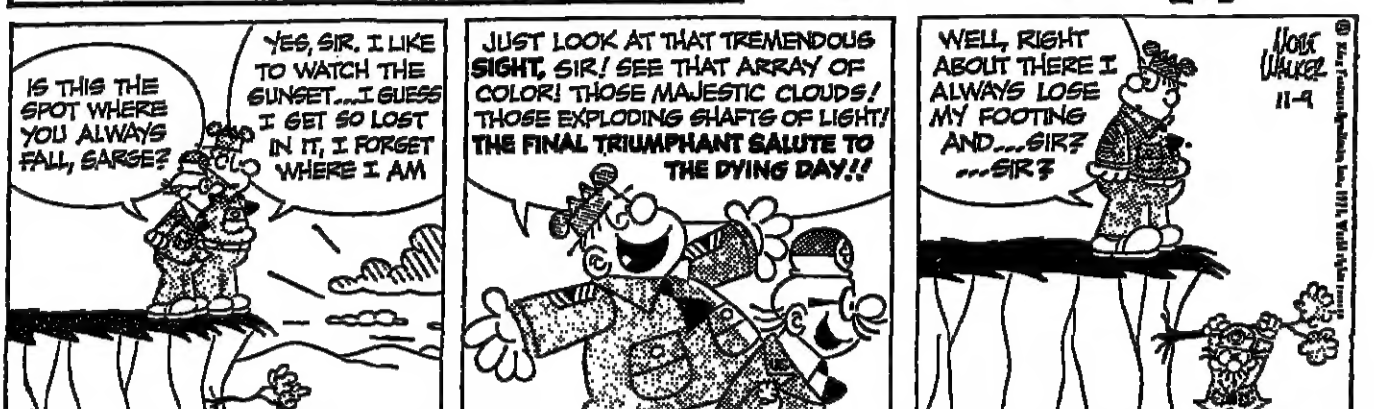
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BEE TLE



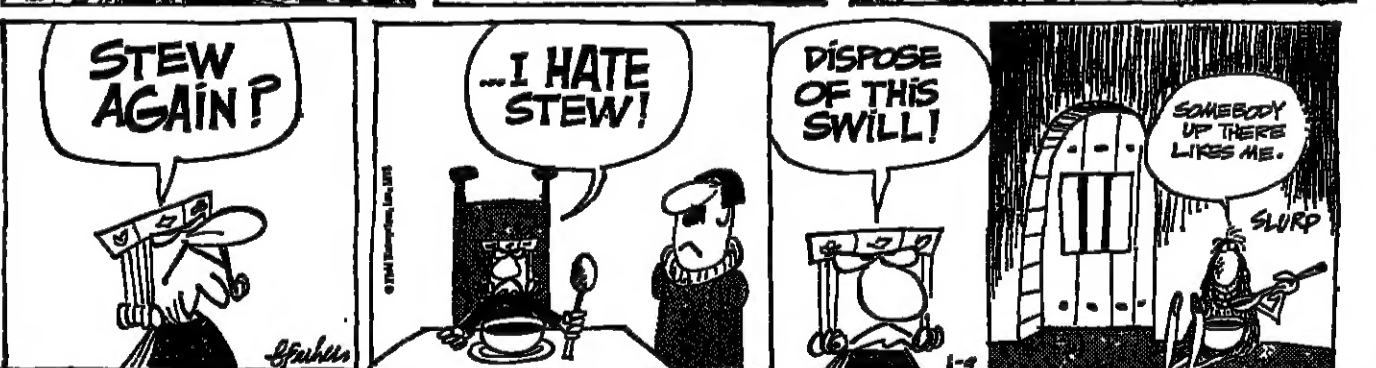
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BUZ SAWYER



WIZARD of ID



REX MORGAN M.D.



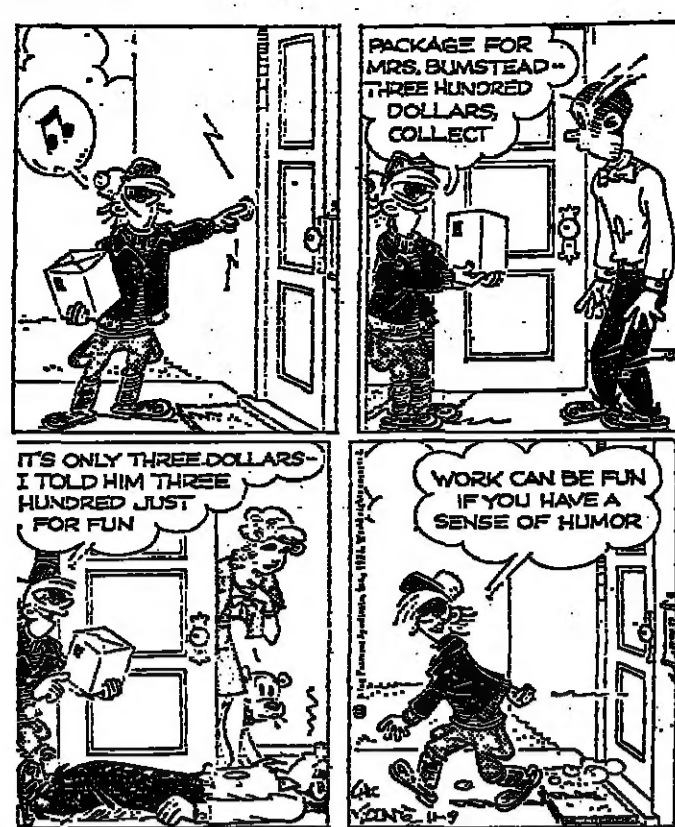
POGO



RIP KIRBY



BLONDIE



BRIDGE

By Alan Truscott

After the artificial strong opening of one club, North and South were able to bid naturally. At the three level, they fixed spades as the trump suit. A series of cue-bids followed, and the partnership settled in six spades when it became clear that a finesse in hearts would be needed to make a grand slam.

As the cards lie, seven spades can be made, since both major suits break evenly and West has the heart king. However, North made only 12 tricks—by playing correctly.

The opening lead of a club was won in dummy with the king. A trump was led to the queen, and the declarer led a heart. Dummy's queen was successfully finessed, and the ace was cashed. A third round of hearts was led, reaching this position after the declarer ruffed with the spade ten:

| NORTH | | SOUTH | |
|---------|---------|-------|----------|
| ♠ K9 | ♠ 10743 | ♠ A83 | ♠ A1085 |
| ♥ 1074 | ♥ 6 | ♥ — | ♥ 86 |
| ♦ 6 | ♦ A6 | ♦ — | ♦ AJ1095 |
| ♣ 7 | ♣ 75 | ♣ — | ♣ — |
| ♣ Q84 | ♣ K92 | ♣ — | ♣ K732 |
| ♣ 10942 | ♣ 10942 | ♣ — | ♣ Q7 |

Trumps could have been drawn in two rounds to bring in all the tricks, but South led a trump and finessed the nine. This failed when East produced the jack. South had no trouble making the remaining tricks to score the slam.

The trump finesse would have paid off if West had held all the missing trumps. South would have continued leading hearts from dummy, and West would have made one trump trick but no more.

| NORTH (D) | | SOUTH | |
|-----------|----------|---------|----------|
| ♠ K94 | ♠ A10743 | ♠ A1083 | ♠ A1083 |
| ♥ 1074 | ♥ 6 | ♥ 86 | ♥ 86 |
| ♦ 6 | ♦ A6 | ♦ — | ♦ AJ1095 |
| ♣ 7 | ♣ 75 | ♣ — | ♣ — |
| ♣ Q84 | ♣ K92 | ♣ — | ♣ K732 |
| ♣ 10942 | ♣ 10942 | ♣ — | ♣ Q7 |

Both sides were vulnerable. The bidding:

North East South West
1 ♠ Pass 1 ♠ Pass
2 ♠ Pass 3 ♠ Pass
3 ♠ Pass 4 ♠ Pass
5 ♠ Pass 6 ♠ Pass
6 ♠ Pass Pass

West led the club three.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 | 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 | 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 89 | 90 | 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|

DENNIS THE MENACE



JUMBLE — that scrambled word game

Unscramble these four jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

EVERF

SINEA

SPEEXO

NIGMIT

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print the SURPRISE ANSWER here

Yesterday's Jumbles: KNOUT JUDGE RADISH PERSON
Answers: Cross up quickly in Brussels — SPROUTED

BOOKS

VERLAINE

By Joanna Richardson. The Viking Press. 43

Illustrated. \$10.

Reviewed by William Beauchamp

THE father, the real father, of all young poets is Verlaine, the magnificent Verlaine. The words are Stéphane Mallarmé's—quoted by an interviewer in 1921, the last year of French symbolism. Nor was Mallarmé alone; the most diverse literary figures occurred in their admiration: Huysmans, Zola, Barres, Moréas. For Verlaine, Paul Verlaine "was the man who made the modern school of poetry possible."

Since then, Verlaine's reputation has greatly deteriorated: tastes and literary prejudices change; he has suffered from a bad press; and, by any standards, much of his output is indeed mediocre. If today we are not inclined to view him as a "great poet-on-a-par with his master, Baudelaire," his lover Rimbaud, or his lifelong friend Mallarmé, still only a stubborn bias can dismiss him as inconsequential. His best texts are sometimes superb; his technical innovations helped determine the evolution of poetry; he was instrumental in establishing the literary reputation of Rimbaud. As to his life and legend—his fascination is perhaps unsurpassed in literary history.

And this—the fascination, the drama, the tumult and paradox, the pathos—is where Joanna Richardson's book excels. It is a sharp, chronological narrative line, melds biographical facts, anecdotes, evocations of social and literary milieu, and abundant quotations from richly diverse contemporary accounts. The resulting portrait is terrifying and unforgettable. As a fine, tautly written story, the book should entertain both layman and student; yet it hardly seems to be a full-scale critical biography, as claimed by the Oxford-trained author, a colleague of the late E. E. Schattschneider, to whom the book is dedicated. With some exceptions, the poetry is treated primarily as material to illustrate the life. Where it does occur, literary commentary is mostly vague, impressionistic and prescriptive. The reader retains a vivid sense of the man, but only intimations of the essence of his work.

Weak-willed, passive, over-indulged by a doting mother, Verlaine, in his mid-twenties, was alarmed by his penchant toward a dissolute life. Marriage would offer salvation: after an evening in the bars and brothels of Arras, he wrote to Mathilde Maute's brother asking for her

hand. Verlaine made effort: for two years he drank, and never to nearly two years of marriage—the only period in which he wrote at all. Verlaine met Rimbaud; their odyssey; Verlaine's imprisonment in the "des sables"; the scandal; the shooting of Verlaine's imprudent son. "The liaison with Verlaine's life. Though ed in great detail, the book is happily more proper perspective.

After the final, probably in 1878, the Verlaine's life, though listed, are hardly less bizarre, and the bulk present biography is them. There were three to Catholicism, publication of "Sagesse" which moved Rimbaud to call him "one of the Catholic poets of France" as an exemplar master in England, France (where his amused by his poem nicknamed him Jesus C. new capitulation to the bohemian life of Quartier. There were erty, debauchery, disease, fame.

The day of his January, 1898, the low in which he had died with the most famous letters in France. Rimbaud-du-Mont, the was Paris. In the good Heredia, Sully-Prudhomme, Coppée, Moréas, Barré, Maupassant, Mallarmé, Verlaine.

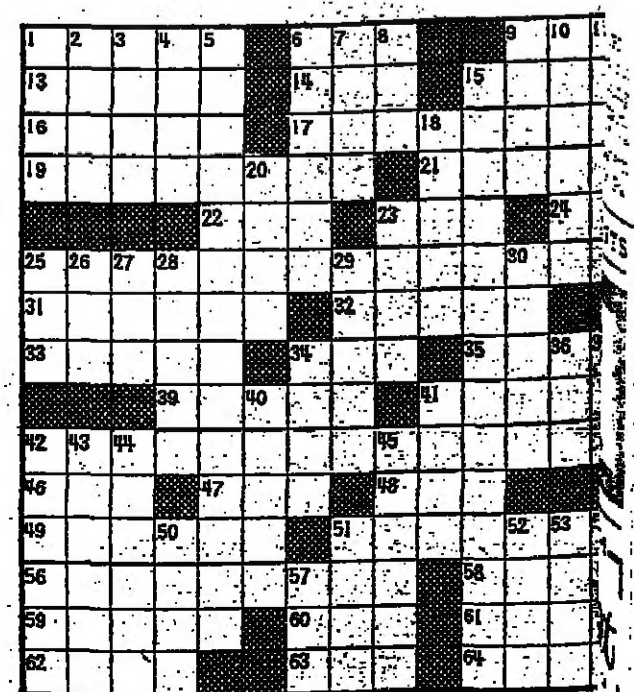
Joanna Richardson's is a meticulous, almost gazillion of material though mostly ahead were hitherto dispersed always readily accessible has been no lack of studies—those, for ex Antoine Adam, Jacques Barres, and A. E. C. though a traditional with the shortcomings very correctly implies exacting students of it is probably the best introduction to the poet's life now available in English or French.

William Beauchamp is professor of Columbia and master of the Romance Review at The New York

CROSSWORD

By W.

| ACROSS | | | | | | | | | | DOWN | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--------------|------------|-------------|----------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|------------------|---------------|-----------|----------------|------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|------------------|----------------|------------|---------|-----------|------------|-------------|
| 1 S.A. grassy plain | 51 "—— it" (relax) | 18 Kind of "with" | 56 Edison and Tesla | 59 Carlo or Cassino | 20 Hydrom scale | 23 Prefix f or logic | 25 Power o | 27 Fowl | 28 Sea bird | 29 Car mar | 30 Yankee 1940s | 39 "Full sp | 36 Critic D | 38 State: A | 37 Lunar v | 38 Grundy | 40 Pop | 41 Pigment | 42 Good-m | 43 William | 44 Game p | 45 Elegan | 46 Aristoc | 51 Of an as | 52 Major | 53 Step | 54 Commor | 55 Meeting | 57 Be in th |
| 6 School org. | 53 James Bond, for one | 59 "As I—— saying..." | 61 Eastern princes | 62 For fear that | 63 Culbertson | 64 Memos | 17 Noon hour | 18 Costume | 21 Landlord | 22 Common verb | 23 Charged particle | 24 Resident: Suffix | 25 Foe of British in 1812 | 31 Highest point | 32 Comb parts | 33 Cancel | 34 Ear: Prefix | 35 Domain | 39 Calif. white oak | 41 Casino employee | 42 Monroe's Secretary of State | 46 Anglo-Saxon money | 47 Buffet server | 48 Tennis term | 49 Faucets | | | | |



Win, 13-9, on Deflected Pass

Overcome Mistakes to Top Vikings

Nov. 8 (UPI)—The Minnesota Vikings overcame a series of mistakes to defeat the Detroit Lions 13-9 in a game that was a tactical battle.

Minnesota's defense was the key to the victory. The Vikings' defense held the Lions to 100 yards in the first half and 100 yards in the second half. The Vikings' defense was the key to the victory.

Norm Sneed pass on the three to 13. The Vikings were inside the 40-yard line twice, once inside the 25-yard line. All they could muster were three Fred Cox field goals. With six minutes remaining, Sharkeyman had another pass in his grasp, with nothing but about 40 yards of grass between him and a touchdown, and dropped the ball.

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Cool After Shea Cyclones

ph Durso
The team that might be in the cyclones... They had arrived in... They had arrived in...

double-team Taylor. Dawson said, analyzing but not complaining. "Once he got open, and the ball slipped as I was throwing. Another time, he got open, and he slipped as I was throwing. We didn't play good."

"It's a bitter loss," said Hank Stram, the Chiefs' coach, a dapper man in a dark blue blazer, red vest and checked slacks—and one of the great cliché experts in the National Football League. "If you don't play well, you don't win. I don't care who you play against. You can't assume anything. It turned into a game of opportunity for both clubs."

Stram and his boys had only one gripe. Late in the third quarter, with the score even at 10-10, Bob Davis passed 17 yards to Don Maynard on the Chiefs' 45. Then Jim Marshall, the cornerback, was called for roughing Maynard and Kansas City was penalized 15 yards—setting up the game-winning field goal by Bobby Bowfield early in the final quarter.

Possibility: Alabama vs. Oklahoma or Nebraska

up in the picture is the Georgia Bulldogs... The Bulldogs must win that one to get a Sugar Bowl berth. That means handling Auburn, with Pat Sullivan, its first loss of the season.

Alabama scored only one touchdown and let LSU move the ball around. But Bear Bryant's team, which counted two field goals and a two-point conversion, proved its true strength by stopping the Tigers when the goal line was threatened.

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Redskins Meet Chiefs on Film

PARIS, Oct. 8 (UPI)—The Kansas City Chiefs will hand the Washington Redskins their only loss of the season Wednesday on the screen at the Cinema Le Triomphe in the National Football League's game of the week as presented by American Express and Trans World Airlines.

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E. Fittipaldi 1st In Formula Two

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Shannon a Broadcaster

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WBC Investigates Carrasco Fight

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MISSING CONNECTION—San Francisco's Ted Kwalick reaches out to grab ball but is knocked away by Minnesota's Karl Kassulke during first-quarter action.

Minnesota Tied for 1st in West

North Stars' Worsley Scores Shutout

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 8 (AP)—The North Stars tied with the Chicago Blackhawks for first place in the National Hockey League West last night as goalie Worsley kept the 4th career shutout in the North Stars' 3-0 win over Philadelphia.

Murray Oliver scored his sixth goal of the season at 9 minutes, 22 seconds to give Worsley the margin he needed. Lou Nanne scored in the second period and Danny Grant in the third.

After months of apprehension, rumors and charges in the world of hockey, the National Hockey League begins a two-day meeting here today that is expected to end with the awarding of franchises for Long Island, N.Y., and Atlanta.

| NHL Standings | |
|---------------|-----------|
| Team | W L T Pts |
| New York | 10 2 2 22 |
| Montreal | 9 3 2 20 |
| Boston | 8 4 1 17 |
| Pittsburgh | 5 8 2 12 |
| Vancouver | 5 8 2 12 |
| Buffalo | 4 7 4 12 |
| Detroit | 3 10 1 7 |

Frank Mahovlich scored Montreal's third goal at 4:50 of the third period when he tapped in J.C. Tremblay's pass in front of the net on a power play.

The new clubs would swell the league to 16 teams, and probably create four divisions of four teams apiece to replace the current two seven-team divisions.

| NFL Standings | |
|---------------|-----------|
| Team | W L T Pts |
| Minnesota | 10 2 2 22 |
| Chicago | 11 4 2 24 |
| Philadelphia | 9 3 2 20 |
| Pittsburgh | 8 4 1 17 |
| San Francisco | 7 5 2 14 |
| St. Louis | 6 6 2 14 |
| Los Angeles | 5 7 2 12 |

Chicago scored four goals in the second period, three of them coming in a span of less than three minutes, to defeat Pittsburgh, 4-1.

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Bouttier Stops Soriano in 4th

PARIS, Nov. 8 (Reuters)—Jean-Claude Bouttier of France, who stakes his European middleweight boxing title against Britain's Sunny Sterling here Dec. 12, tonight knocked out Mexican Raul Soriano in four rounds.

Pro Tennis Group Reportedly Lowers Demands for 'Big 3'

LONDON, Nov. 8 (UPI)—The prospects of the world's leading professionals participating at Wimbledon, Forest Hills and Paris next year rose today as Lamar Hunt may be willing to compromise in his demands which helped spark a tennis war.

The Scoreboard

ATTO RACING—At Madrid, Sweden's Joakim Bonnier drove his Volvo 740 to victory in the two-hour race at Jarama today. He won the event by a margin of 10 seconds over the runner-up, Joakim Bonnier.

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Trevino Fails In Bid to Gain Mexican Title

Finishes 3d; Gallardo Wins on 22-Foot Putt

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 8 (AP)—Angel Gallardo of Spain rolled in a 22-foot birdie putt on the final hole to win the Mexican Open golf tournament yesterday and shatter Lee Trevino's attempt to take a fourth national title.

Gallardo, who will represent his country in this week's World Cup competition in Palm Beach Gardens, Fla., had a final-round 70 for 275, 13 under par on the demanding Club de Golf course.

Trevino, holder of the American, British and Canadian Open titles and heavily favored to add this national title to his collection, closed with a 69 for 280 to tie for third.

"I'm disappointed," said Trevino, who set a single-season money-winning record of \$227,243 last week when he won the Sahara Invitation tourney.

"I think the people here wanted to see me win it, but that's the way it goes. I just couldn't get it going on the front side. It looked like I might do something when I started out, but I bogeyed the second and that hurt."

Billy Maxwell 42, who has played 18 years on the American tour, caught the front-running Spaniard when Gallardo faltered on the back nine, but couldn't match the slim European's birdie-putt.

Maxwell had a 71 for 278, one stroke back and alone in second place.

Tied for third with Trevino at 280 were Juan Neri and Victor Regalado of Mexico. Regalado had a 69, Neri a 71.

Trevino, a favorite with the big gallery that started the round six strokes back of Gallardo and Maxwell. He toured the front nine in par 36 and was out of it.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

(Continued from Back Page)

SITUATIONS WANTED

EXPERIENCED SECRETARY, 30, with 10 years experience in typing, bookkeeping, and general office work. Seeking position in a firm or company. Write to: Mrs. J. H. Smith, 1234 Main St., New York, N.Y. 10001.

EXPERIENCED AMERICAN BANK, 30, with 10 years experience in banking and finance. Seeking position in a bank or financial institution. Write to: Mr. J. H. Smith, 1234 Main St., New York, N.Y. 10001.

SITUATIONS WANTED

DYNAMIC 30, young bilingual English-Spanish speaker, seeking position in a firm or company. Write to: Mrs. J. H. Smith, 1234 Main St., New York, N.Y. 10001.

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DOMESTIC SITUATIONS

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HELP WANTED

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